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Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2022 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM		NSW DAN:				
vendor's agent	First National Real Es 454 High Street, Maitla Email: pat@fnrem.cor	and NSW 2320		Phone: Ref:	4933 5544 Patrick Howard		
co-agent							
vendor							
vendor's solicitor	Catherine Davies Con PO Box 6155, Long Je Email: admin@cdconv	Phone: Ref:	4332 4979 CD:4067 - 24				
date for completion	Special Condition 13 (clause 15)	7 .				
land (address,	Apartment 5, 3 Justine	e Parade, Ruther	ford NSW 2320				
plan details and title reference)	Folio Identifier 5/SP48	333					
	☐ VACANT POSSESS	ION ☑ subjec	t to existing tenancies				
improvements	☐ HOUSE ☑garage ☐ none ☐ other:	⊡carport ☑	I home unit □carspace	ce □storage space			
attached copies	☐documents in the List ☐other documents:	t of Documents as	marked or as numbered:				
_			e items in this box in a sa				
inclusions	☑ air conditioning	☑ clothes line	☑ fixed floor coverings	•	e hood		
	☑ blinds	☐ curtains	☑ insect screens	□ sola	r panels		
	☑ built-in wardrobes	□ dishwasher	☑ light fittings	☑ stov	e		
	☐ ceiling fans	□ EV charger	□ pool equipment	□ TV :	antenna		
	□ other:						
exclusions							
purchaser							
purchaser's solicitor	•						
price deposit	\$ \$		(10% of the price, u	nless othe	erwise stated)		
balance	\$		(10,0 41 412 4112)		······································		
contract date			(if not stated, the	date this	contract was made)		
Where there is more	e than one purchaser	JOINT TENAN					
	I	🗖 tenants in comi	mon □ in unequal shares	s, specify:			
GST AMOUNT (option	onal) The price includes (GST of: \$					
buyer's agent							
Note: Clause 20.15		tract provides for	choices, a choice in BLOC	K CAPITA	ALS applies unless a		

SIGNING PAGE

VENDOR		PURCHASER					
Signed by		Signed by					
		·					
		-	Sandalikatura vorm				
Vendor		Purchaser					
Vendor		Purchaser					
			*				
VENDOR (COMPANY)		PURCHASER (COMPANY)					
Signed by in accordance Act 2001 by the authorised personal below:	e with s127(1) of the Corporations on(s) whose signature(s) appear(s)	Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below:					
Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person				
Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person				
Office held	Office held	Office held	Office held				
	an I a was government as a second		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

Choices

Vendor agrees to accept a deposit-bond	□ NO	
Nominated Electronic Lodgement Network (ELN) (clause	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Manual transaction (clause 30)	⊠NO □yes	
	(if yes, vendor must provide further details, incl any applicable exception, in the space below):	
Tax Information (the <i>parties</i> promise this Land tax is adjustable		
GST: Taxable supply	⊠ NO □ yes ⊠ NO □ yes in full □ yes to an ext	onf
Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply		.5111
This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the	•	
\square not made in the course or furtherance of an enterpris	, ,,	
□ by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to	- ' ' ' '	
 ☐ GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going o ☐ GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or fa 		
☐ Got-free because the sale is subdivided faith faild of it		,
	,	
Purchaser must make an GSTRW payment (GST residential withholding payment)		vide
date	e details below are not fully completed at the cor , the vendor must provide all these details in a sepa ce at least 7 days before the date for completion.	
GSTRW payment (GST residential v	vithholding payment) – details	
Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, so entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a in a GST joint venture. Supplier's name:	metimes further information will be required as to wo cartnership, a trust, part of a GST group or a partic	vhich ipant
Supplier's ABN:		
Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable):		
Supplier's business address:		
Supplier's representative:		
Supplier's contact phone number:		
Supplier's proportion of GSTRW payment: \$		
If more than one supplier, provide the above detail	s for each supplier.	
Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the GSTRV	/rate (residential withholding rate): \$	
Amount must be paid: \Box AT COMPLETION \Box at another ti	me (specify):	
Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in me	oney? □ NO □ yes	
If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-more	netary consideration: \$	
Other details (including those required by regulation or the A	TO forms):	

List of Documents

General		trata or community title (clau	se 23 of the contract)
	certificate for the land	33 property certificate for stra	
□ 2 plan of th	+	334 plan creating strata comm	. 1
•	red plan of the land	1 35 strata by-laws	···· (8* - 15 - 25
_	nd to be subdivided	36 strata development contra	act or statement
•	t to be lodged with a relevant plan] 37 strata management state	
	0.7(2) planning certificate under	1 38 strata renewal proposal	
Environm	ental Planning and Assessment Act	1 39 strata renewal plan	
1979] 40 leasehold strata - lease of	lot and common
	information included in that certificate	property	
	etion 10.7(5)	41 property certificate for ne	ighbourhood property
_	infrastructure location diagram	42 plan creating neighbourh	
•	ocation diagram)	3 43 neighbourhood developm	ent contract
	es location diagram (sewerage service] 44 neighbourhood managen	
	nt that created or may have created an	3 45 property certificate for pro	ecinct property
easemen	t, profit à prendre, restriction on use or	3 46 plan creating precinct pro	
positive c	ovenant disclosed in this contract	3 47 precinct development cor	
☐ 11 planning	-	☐ 48 precinct management sta	itement
	8G certificate (positive covenant)	☐ 49 property certificate for co	mmunity property
☐ 13 survey re	•	☐ 50 plan creating community	property
•	nformation certificate or building	3 51 community development	contract
	e given under legislation	352 community management	statement
☐ 15 occupation		☐ 53 document disclosing a ch	nange of by-laws
variation	•	54 document disclosing a ch or management contract	-
	cument relevant to tenancies	☐ 55 document disclosing a ch	
	enefiting the land	☐ 56 information certificate und	
☐ 19 old syste		Management Act 2015	
· '	urchase statement of account	☐ 57 information certificate und	der Community Land
l *	management statement	Management Act 2021	
☐ 22 form of r	•	∃ 58 disclosure statement - off	-
☐ 23 clearanc		☐ 59 other document relevant	to off-the-plan contract
☐ 24 land tax		Other	
Home Building	_	□ 60	
☐ 25 insuranc			
☐ 26 brochure	_		
1	e of alternative indemnity cover		
Swimming Po			
1	e of compliance		
	e of registration		
	occupation certificate		
	e of non-compliance		
☐ 32 detailed	reasons of non-compliance		,
HOLDER OF S	TRATA OR COMMUNITY SCHEME RECOR	S – Name, address, email addr	ess and telephone

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

1. ALTERATION TO THE STANDARD FORM

The purchaser acknowledges the following amendments to the standard clauses:

- (a) Clause 7.1.1 is amended by deleting the amount "5%" and replacing it with "0.25%".
- (b) Clause 18 is amended by adding the following:

 "18.8 The parties agree that if the parties have entered into a separate Licence Agreement for possession and if there are any inconsistencies between the said Licence Agreement and any terms herein, the terms of the Licence Agreement will apply."
- (c) Clause 23.6 is amended as follows:
 - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined <u>and due</u> on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
 - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined <u>or due</u> after the contract date.

2. AGENT WARRANTY

The purchaser warrants to the vendor that they have not been introduced by any real estate agent other than the agent/s named on the front page of this contract if any. The purchaser agrees that they will at all times indemnify and keep indemnified the vendor from and against any claim whatsoever for commission, which may be made by any real estate agent or other person arising out of or in connection with the purchaser's breach of this warranty. It is agreed that the benefit of this warranty shall not merge on completion of the contract.

3. STATE OF REPAIR, USE, SERVICES ETC

Subject to the following special conditions, the purchaser acknowledges and agrees that the property is purchased in its present condition and state of repair and accepts all patent defects to structure, furnishings, fittings, appliances lot and fencing etc. The purchaser has not relied on any representation or warranty made by or on behalf of the vendor as to the fitness or suitability or approved use of the property for any particular purpose or financial return or income derived from the property. The purchaser agrees that they have made all necessary enquiries and investigations in relation to state of repair, usage, services etc and shall not be entitled to raise any objection, requisition, rescind, terminate or claim for compensation in respect thereto. This special condition shall not merge on completion.

4. NOTICE TO COMPLETE

(a) If either party is unable or unwilling to complete by the completion date the other party shall be entitled at any time after the completion date to serve a notice to complete making the time for completion essential. Such notice shall give not less than fourteen (14) days after service of the notice. The notice may nominate a specified hour on the last day as the time for completion. A notice to complete of such duration is considered by the parties to be reasonable and sufficient for service and to render time for completion essential. The party that issues the Notice to Complete shall also





NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 5/SP48333

EDITION NO DATE SEARCH DATE TIME -----8 9/9/2018

5/4/2024

10:08 AM

LAND

LOT 5 IN STRATA PLAN 48333 AT RUTHERFORD LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA MAITLAND

FIRST SCHEDULE

GRAHAM LESLIE PEARSON

(T AJ765350)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP48333

AJ765351 MORTGAGE TO NATIONAL AUSTRALIA BANK LIMITED

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

PRINTED ON 5/4/2024





NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: CP/SP48333

TIME SEARCH DATE EDITION NO DATE 5/4/2024 10:08 AM 2 16/7/2010

LAND

THE COMMON PROPERTY IN THE STRATA SCHEME BASED ON STRATA PLAN 48333 WITHIN THE PARCEL SHOWN IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

AT RUTHERFORD LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA MAITLAND PARISH OF GOSFORTH COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND TITLE DIAGRAM SHEET 1 SP48333

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. 48333 ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS: C/- BCS STRATA MANAGEMENT LOCKED BAG 22 HAYMARKET 1238

SECOND SCHEDULE (3 NOTIFICATIONS)

- RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S) 1
- ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO BY-LAWS SET OUT IN SCHEDULE 2 STRATA 2 SCHEMES MANAGEMENT REGULATION 2016
- DP813269 RESTRICTION(S) ON THE USE OF LAND

SCHEDULE OF	UNIT ENTITLEMENT	(AGGREGATE: 90)
STRATA PLAN	48333	

LOT		ENT	LOT		ENT	LOT		ENT	LOT		ENT
1	-	10	2	-	10	3		10	4	-	10
5	-	10	6	=	10	7	$-\epsilon$	10	8	-	10
9	-	10									

NOTATIONS

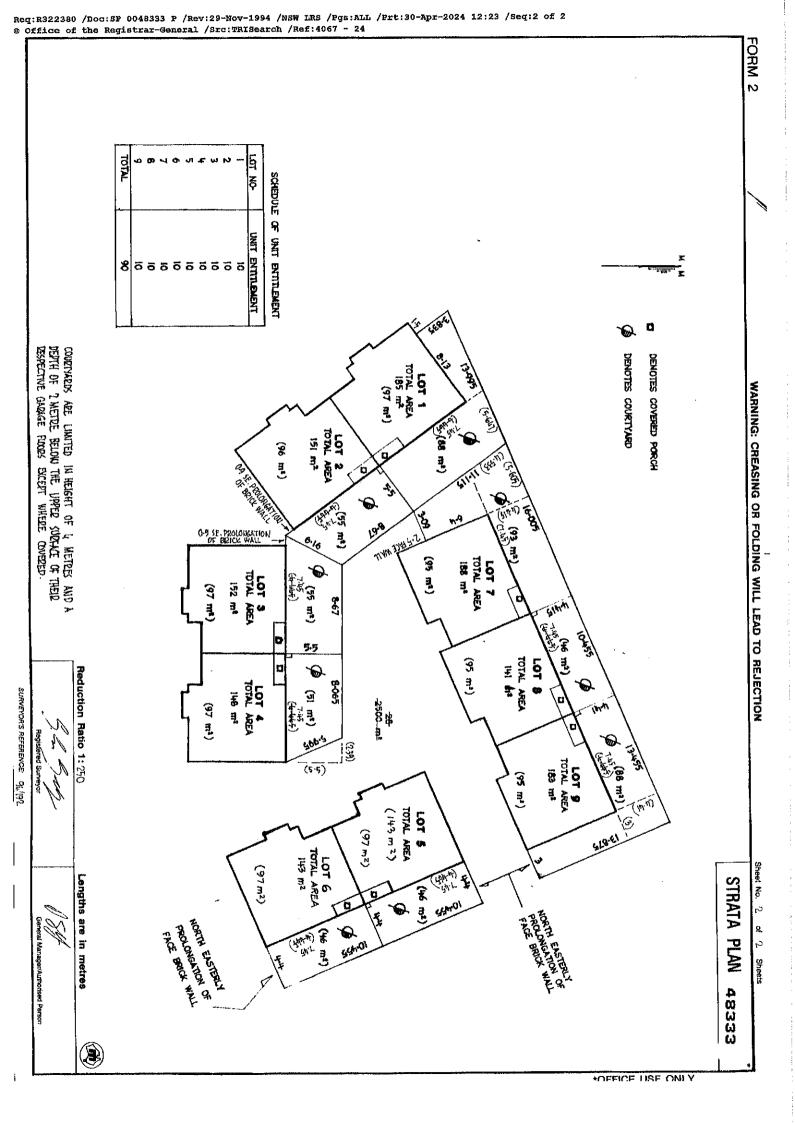
UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

Pending

PRINTED ON 5/4/2024

^{*} Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. InfoTrack an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.



SIGNATURE AND SEALS: ONLY PLAN FORM 2. Director A requirements of the Local Government Act. 1919 inthe their requirements for the registration of plants, and SALARREL RESERVE 81/256/3 Council Clerk's Cortificate Peter Cherok Secretiky An america of the band and in the banks MERG MSH D MZHO DHSW 73H0 10 |20 |30 |40 |50 |80 |70 Table of min |110 |120 |130 |140 337 00 156*46* 13:515 157 00 77'00' 5-785 & 77 00 13-99 Warning: Creasing or folding will lead to rejection SEE DIAGRAM Registrar General this day. 19th November, 1991 record of a document in the custody of the This negative is a photograph made as a permanent DIAGRAM 1:5000 * EASMENT TO ENTERTHY VINNE VINCE NESSESSES ESSEMENT TO BOAR WIES & WIDE NESSESSES ES EASTERN VINNE VI 23-76 ha CBY DED'N): 60 М 05 EE WASE ANY LISE CALLY in advanced or fundor or description made to complete learness desiring parameter, assumption, restrictions on the use of land or positive exceeding.

OF IT IS NITEKURED TO DEFICIATE THE EXTENSION OF JUSTINE PARADE EXTENSION OF JUSTINE PARADE PUBLIC AS PUBLIC ROADS PURSUANT TO SEC 888 OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT 1919 AS CAME MODED IT IS INTENDED TO CREATE CONVEYED AS CONVEYED AND ADDRESS ON THE MODEL TO CREATE AND ADDRESS ON THE MODEL ADDRESS ON THE MODEL AND AD TO THE PUBLIC AS PUBLIC RESERVE PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF o...43 ELGIN SI MAITLANO 2320 This is sheer to day plan in last Plans D. P. 809755 Ref. May: 1945/72-71 Tide System: TORREND 2. EASEMENT FOR SEWERMAIN evoyet mailtened unaise the Surveyers Act. 1828, reded thereby cardly that the survey represented in I MY NORTHUMBERLAND LESTRICTION ON THE USE OF THE LAND EASEMENT TO DEALN NATED 25 WISE. DP813269 PLAN AMENDED IN LTO AT SURVEYOR'S REQUEST RUTHERFORD GOSFORTH SUBDIVISION Ne9002B DF 1-10-1991 MAITLAND 16er-In-Gri Hr. & Y 0 1 5 A I A



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INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS AS TO USER THE CONTROL OF SECTION USES THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL O

PLW DF813269 Lengths are in metres

Sheet 5 of 6 Sheets

Subdivision of Lot 58 DP809355 covered by Council Clerk's Certificate No Pool 8 of 1991.

No fuel storage tanks (except for oil-heating purposes) shall be placed upon or permitted to remain on any lot burdened. No noxious, noisome or offensive occupation, trade, business, manufacture or home industry shall be conducted or carried out on any lot burdened.

With the exception of vehicles used in connection with the erection of a dealing on any lot burdened, no motor truck, lorry or semi-trailer with a load carrying capacity exceeding one (1) tonne shall be parked or permitted to remain on any lot burdened.

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Any release, variation or modification of these restrictions shall be made and done in all respects at the cost and expense of the person or persons requesting the same

The person having the right to release, vary or modify these restrictions is Angambab, for such period as it is the Registered Proprietor of any land in the plan or for the period of five years from the date of registration of the Plan whichever is the later, and thereafter the Registered Proprietors of all lots directly adjoining the lot burdaned.

Terms of easement for sewermain 4 wide secondly referred to in the

apparatus and appurtenances thereof in or under the surface of such part of replace and divert or alter the position of the sewermain or pipeline with the servient tenement but subject to a liability to replace the soil and to open the surface of the servient tenement and to deposit soil temporarily on without motor or other vehicles plant and machinery to enter upon and break aforesaid or any of them by its officers servants and or contractors with or water or soil through the said sewermain or pipeline and for the purposes (hereinafter called the servient tenement) and to carry and convey sewage. the land described hereinbefore as in delineated in the abovementioned plan successors and assigns TO CONSTRUCT lay maintain repair renew cleanse inspect restore surface of the said servient tenement in a proper and workmanlike

FULL AND FREE right title liberty and licence for the Huntar Water Board its abovementioned plan

manner as soon as the operations are completed.

Manall.

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INSTRUMENT SETTING QUT TERMS OF EASSMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS AS TO USER.

INTENDED TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 888
OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT, 1919

engths are in metres

PAN DF813269

Subdivision of Lot 58 DP809355 covered by Council Clerk's Certificate No 90+38 of 1991. Council Clerk's 9pd 38 of 1991.

Sheet 6 of 6 Sheets

The person having the right to release very or modify this easement is Hunter Water Board.

Terms of Restriction on the Use of Land fourthly referred abovementioned Plan 탸 in the

No building shall be ejected no excavation or filling shall be carried out nor any structures fances or improvements of any kind placed over or under that part of the lot burdened as 1s affected by the essement for severanin 4 whe delineated in the abovementionad plan except with the prior consent in writing of the Hunter Water Board and except in compliance with any conditions which the Hunter Water Board and except in compliance with any conditions which the Hunter Water Board may specify in such consent.

Terms of Restriction on the Use of Land abovementioned Plan fifthly referred to in the

The floor levels of all habitable buildings constructed on the Lots burdened are to be constructed at not less than R.L. 24.5 AHD.

Maitland City Council. person having the right to release vary or modify this easement is

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Comel

Secretary

THE COMMON SEAL of ANAMBAH HOMES PTY LIMITED A.C. N. 002 404 560 was hereunto affixed by authority of the Board of Directors and in the presence of:



THE COMMUN SEAL OF WATTLAN MULTIME SOCIETY WATTLAN ADDITIONAL BULLDING SOCIETY LIMITED A-B-H.

WAS Thereunto affixed by authority of the Board of Directors and in the presence of:

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Registrar General this day. 19th November, record of a decument in the custody of the This negative is a photograph made as a permanent 1991

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ann Andrew Market	This reco	SAC:03518 REGISTERED (3) 24 US-11-10091	Retto Planall.	27, Runter Matter Board 37, Hunter Matter Board 38, Hunter Matter Board 38, Hunter Matter Board 39, Hunter Matter Board	2. Identity of easement secondly Easement for Sewermain 4 wide abovementioned plan Schedule of Lots etc. affected Lots benefited	Schedule of Lots etc. affected Lots Burdened Lots Burdened Each Lot except lots 40 and 41 Every other Lot except Lots 40 and 41	1. Identity of restriction firstly Restriction on the Use of Land referred to in the abovement one of the line above of the line	Full name and address of MAILAND MATUAL BUILDING SMCLETY DUTINGAGE of the land LIMITED of 417 High Street, Maitland.	Full rame and address of ANAWBAH HOMES PTY LIMITED A.C.M. 002 the proprietor of the land 404 550 C/- Parry Carroll Kandian, spitcitors, 15th Floor, 111 Elizabeth Street, Sydney.	QP 613269 Subdivision of Lot E8 De803355 dovered PLAN by Council Clerk's Cartificate No 90038 of 1991.	Lengths are in matres
and the second s	This negative is a photograph made as a permanent record of a document in the oustody of the Registrar General this day. 19th November, 1991	SUCIOSTA REGISTERED (TA 18-11-194)	Manal.	Lot Burdened Authority Name: Local 27 Maftland City Council 38 Maftland City Council 39 Maitland City Council	5. Identity of restriction on the use of land fifthly referred to Restriction on the Use of Land in the abovementioned plan Schedule of Lots etc. affected	27. Hunter Nater Board 37. Hunter Water Board 38. Hunter Water Board 4. Hunter Water Board 4. Hunter Water Board 4. Hunter Water Board 4.	4. Identity of rescriction on the Use of Land Use of land out the vertical control years to the Use of Land In the abovementioned plan Schedule of Lots etc. affected Lots benefited	36 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37	Lots Burdened Lots Benefitted F.I. 40 to 44 incl./809355 31 F.I. 40 to 44 incl./809355 32 32, 31 F.I. 40 to 44 incl./809355 33 35, 26, 37 F.I. 40 - 44 incl./808355 34 35, 36, 37	3. Identity of easement thirdly Easement to Drain Water 2.5 wide referred to in the abovementioned bian Schedule of Lots etc. affected	Lengths are in matters Subdivision of Lot 58 DP80935 covere PLAN DP813269 by Council Clerk's Certificat No fooled of 1991.

Sheet 2 of 6 Sheets

INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS AS TO USER INTERNED TO BE CREATED PURILINAT TO SETTION 880 OF THE CONVEYNACTING AUT, 1919

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Registrar General this day, 19th November, 1991

SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS AS TO USER TRIENDED TO BE CREATED PUBLISHING TO SECTION BRB.
OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT, 1919

Ě Lengths are in metres

Sheet 3 of 6 Sheets

Subdivision of Lot 58 DP809355 covered by Council Clerk's Certificate No 90028 of 1991.

PART 2

Tarms of restriction on the Use of Land firstly referred to in abovementioned Plan

(a) We main building shall be erected on each lot burdened other than with external walls of brick, and/or brick veneer and/or stone ard/or concrete and/or plass and/or there are not a revised that the ard/or brick veneer and/or stone and/or concrete proportion of brick and/or brick veneer and/or stone and/or concrete proportion of brick and/or brick veneer and/or stone and/or concrete proportion and are not as the external walls. Shall not be used in external walls are not or any of the abovement/oned materials and the proportion shall not exceed 355 of the total area of the external walls. Abostus coment exceed 355 of the total area of the upper storey where the of a box external walls are as the proportion shall not exceed 555 of the total area of the external walls. æ

<u>6</u> No main building shall be erected or be permitted to remain energed on each lot burdened of more than one level and no main building shall be erected or be permitted to remain erected on each lot burdened containing erected or be permitted to remain erected on each lot burdened containing bone units and/or tominouses unless each such home unit or tominouse has been units and/or tominouse and of 35 square metres exclusive of car a minimum total floor area of 35 square metres exclusive accommodation, external landings and patios.

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No building shall be erected on each lot burdened having a roof of asbestos coment or fibre cament or fibre glass or any other material of a strength of a strength of the coment of a strength of the coment of any nature of the pitch of the horizontal without the written approval greater than three degrees to the horizontal without the written approval of Anabah Homes Pty Limited (Herreinetter called "Anabah"). The provisions of this clause shall not apply to a roof constructed of the provisions of this clause shall not apply to a roof constructed of the product known as "colorbond".

Ξ No building shall be exected on each lot burdened having a roof of corrugated iron other than a roof constructed of the product known as "Colorbond".

No existing chelling house shall be partly or wholly moved to, placed upon, re-created upon, reconstructed on or permitted to remain on any lot

No structure of a temporary character, basement, trailer, camper, careven or any other authoriding time as a dwelling house on any lot burdened. shall, shack, garage, be used at any

no more than one stagle ductions shall be assested on any lock bundansi and for the formation which they want to be the third a children designed for the same than some than the duction of which they can be the formation of the formation of

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ŝ No privy shall be erected on permitted to remain on any lot burdened in a conspicuous place or position and no privy shall be located so as to be visible from a road or from other lots in the subdivision without being

Ξ We advertisament hoarding sign or matter of any description shall be erected or displayed on each jot burdened without the prior written consent of America and America have the right to remove any such education in damagnet and though shall have the right to remove any such education in an advertising hoarding sign or matter without notice.

No earth, stone, gravel or trees shall be removed or excavated from a lot burdened except where such removal or excavation is mecassary for the erection of a building or structure. We lot shall be permitted to excavated or appear or remain in an excavated or quarried state.

No trees shall be removed from any lot burdened without the prior written approval of the Maitland City Council.

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٥. No run off water from any building impervious surface or other material or structure laid or constructed on any int burdened shall be permitted or run outside the boundaries of that lot except into or through the inhard-allothent drainings system within the easement for drainage shown on the plan of subdivision creating the said lot.

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HASTRUMENT SETTLING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS AS TO USER INTERMED TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 288
OF THE CONVEYTANCING XCT, 1919

engths are in metres

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Sheet 4 of 6 Sheets

Subdivision of Lot 58 DP809355 covered by Council Clerk's Certificate No 90028 of 1991.

No fence shall, without the prior written consent of Anambah, he erected or permitted to reserv on any lot burdened closer to any street than the nuses building line PROVIDED THAT in the event of the lot having a frantage to more than one street, then a fence may be erected along one only of the street boundaries but no closer to the other street boundary than the house building line. Any such fence so erected shall be constructed of brick of the same style, texture and colour as is used in the construction of the dwelling erected on each such older as it used in the construction of the dwelling erected on each such older as fixed by the martinam of i.70 metres above the footbath level as fixed by the Martland City Council.

No mailing fence shall be erected or permitted to remain on any lot burdened, provided that (i) a lapped and capped those fence shall not, for the purpose of this clause, be deemed to be a paling fence; and (ii) subject to (i), determinations by Amambah as to what constitutes a paling fence fance for the purpose of this clause and as to whether a particular fence or type of fence constituted or proposed to be constituted constitutes a paling fence shall be final and binding. No fence shall be erected on each lot burdened to divide it from any adjoining land owned by Anambach without the consent of Anambach but such consent shall not be withheld if such fence is erected without expense to Anambach provided that this Restriction shall remain in force only during such time as Anambach is the Registered Proprietor of any land in the Plan or any land improved the consensation of the Plan whichever is the

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STRATA SCHEMES MANAGEMENT REGULATION 2016 - SCHEDULE 2

SCHEDULE 2 - By-laws for pre-1996 strata schemes

1 Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on the parcel likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

2 Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the written approval of the owners' corporation.

3 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person.

4 Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

5 Damage to common property

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property without the approval in writing of the owners' corporation.

Note: This by-law is subject to $\underline{\text{sections } 109}$ and $\underline{110}$ of the $\underline{\text{Strata Schemes Management Act } 2015}$.

- (2) An approval given by the owners corporation under <u>clause</u> (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.
- (3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:
- (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders, or
- (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
- (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children.
- (4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- (5) Despite <u>section 106</u> of the <u>Strata Schemes Management Act 2015</u>, the owner of a lot must maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in <u>clause</u> (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

6 Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

7 Children playing on common property in building

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

8 Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

9 Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using the common property.

10 Drying of laundry items

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the consent in writing of the owners corporation, hang any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the owners corporation for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.

11 Cleaning windows and doors

An owner or occupier of a lot must keep clean all glass in windows and all doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.

12 Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the approval in writing of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

13 Moving furniture and other objects on or through common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture or large object through or on common property within the building unless sufficient notice has first been given to the strata committee so as to enable the strata committee to arrange for its nominee to be present at the time when the owner or occupier does so.

14 Floor coverings

- (1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

15 Garbage disposal

An owner or occupier of a lot:

- (a) must maintain within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and adequately covered a receptacle for garbage, and
- (b) must ensure that before refuse is placed in the receptacle it is securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, and
- (c) for the purpose of having the garbage collected, must place the receptacle within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage is normally collected, and
- (d) when the garbage has been collected, must promptly return the receptacle to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a), and

- (e) must not place any thing in the receptacle of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and
- (f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage collector may have spilled from the receptacle and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

16 Keeping of animals

- (1) Subject to <u>section 157</u> of the <u>Strata Schemes Management Act 2015</u>, an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the approval in writing of the owners corporation, keep any animal on the lot or the common property.
- (2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

17 Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the written consent of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 10.

18 Notice board

An owners corporation must cause a notice board to be affixed to some part of the common property.

19 Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).



Certificate No.: PC/2024/1354 Certificate Date: 17/04/2024

Fee Paid: \$67.00

Receipt No.:

Your Reference: 4067 - Pearson Sale

SECTION 10.7 PLANNING CERTIFICATE Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979 as amended

APPLICANT: Catherine Davies Conveyancing

admin@cdconveyancing.com.au

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION: 5/3 Justine Parade RUTHERFORD NSW 2320

PARCEL NUMBER: 40146

LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Lot 5 SP 48333

IMPORTANT: Please read this Certificate carefully.

The information provided in this Certificate relates only to the land described above. If you need information about an adjoining property or nearby land, a separate certificate will be required.

All information provided is correct as at the date of issue of this Certificate. However, it is possible for changes to occur at any time after the issue of this Certificate.

For more information on the Planning Certificate please contact our Customer Experience team on 4934 9700.

SECTION 10.7(2)

The following matters relate to the land, as required by section 10.7(2) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act (1979)* ("the Act") and clause 284 and Schedule 2 of the *Environment Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021.*

ITEM 1 - Names of relevant planning instruments and development control plans

The following environmental planning instruments and development control plans apply to the carrying out of development on the land:

State Environmental Planning Policies

The Minister for Planning has notified that the following State Environmental Planning Policies (SEPPs) shall be specified on Certificates under Section 10.7 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979.

The land is affected by the following State Environmental Planning Policies:

- SEPP65 Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development
- SEPP (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021
- SEPP (Industry and Employment) 2021
- SEPP (Primary Production) 2021
- SEPP (Planning Systems) 2021
- SEPP (Housing) 2021
- SEPP Building Sustainability Index: BASIX 2004
- SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008
- · SEPP (Resources and Energy) 2021
- SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021
- SEPP (Resilience and Hazards) 2021

Local Environmental Plan (LEP)

Maitland LEP 2011, published 16 December 2011, applies to the land.

Development Control Plan prepared by Council

Maitland Development Control Plan 2011 applies to the land.

The following proposed environmental planning instruments and draft development control plans are or have been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, apply to the carrying out of development on the land and:

Planning Proposal for a Local Environmental Plan

No draft local Environmental Plans that have been on public exhibition under the Act are applicable to the land.

Detailed information on draft environmental planning instruments is available at

the NSW Department of Planning and Environment Current LEP Proposals website; or Maitland City Council's website.

Draft Development Control Plans

No draft Development Control Plan(s) that have been on public exhibition under the Act are applicable to the land.

Draft State Environmental Planning Policies

No draft State Environmental Planning Policy(s) applying to the land is, or has been publicised the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act.

ITEM 2 - Zoning and land use under relevant planning instruments

For each environmental planning instrument or proposed instrument referred to in clause 1 (other than a State Environmental Planning Policy or proposed State Environmental Planning Policies)

Zone and Land Use Table from Local Environmental Plan

R1 General Residential

1 Objectives of zone

- · To provide for the housing needs of the community
- To provide for a variety of housing types and densities
- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents

2 Permitted without Consent

Home occupations

3 Permitted with Consent

Attached dwellings; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dwelling houses; Group homes; Home-based child care; Home industries; Hostels; Hotel or motel accommodation; Multi dwelling housing; Neighbourhood shops; Oyster aquaculture; Places of public worship; Pond-based aquaculture; Residential flat buildings; Respite day care centres; Roads; Semidetached dwellings; Seniors housing; Serviced apartments; Shop top housing; Tank-based aquaculture; Any other development not specified in item 2 or 4

4 Prohibited

Agriculture; Air transport facilities; Airstrips; Amusement centres; Animal boarding or training establishments; Biosolids treatment facilities; Boat building and repair facilities; Boat launching ramps; Boat sheds; Camping grounds; Car parks; Caravan parks; Cemeteries; Charter and tourism boating facilities; Commercial premises; Correctional centres; Crematoria; Depots; Eco-tourist facilities; Entertainment facilities; Extractive industries; Farm buildings; Forestry; Freight

transport facilities; Function centres; Heavy industrial storage establishments; Helipads; Highway service centres; Home occupations (sex services); Industrial retail outlets; Industrial training facilities; Industries; Information and education facilities; Jetties; Marinas; Mooring pens; Moorings; Mortuaries; Open cut mining; Passenger transport facilities; Public administration buildings; Recreation facilities (indoor); Recreation facilities (major); Registered clubs; Research stations; Restricted premises; Rural industries; Rural workers' dwellings; Service stations; Sewage treatment plants; Sex services premises; Signage; Storage premises; Tourist and visitor accommodation; Transport depots; Truck depots; Vehicle body repair workshops; Vehicle repair stations; Veterinary hospitals; Warehouse or distribution centres; Waste or resource management facilities; Water recreation structures; Water recycling facilities; Wharf or boating facilities; Wholesale supplies.

Detailed information on the land zone mapping is available at the NSW Department of Planning and Environment ePlanning Spatial Viewer website; or Maitland City Council's website.

Note: Detailed information on the local environmental plan is available at NSW Legislation – In force legislation.

Whether development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house on the land and, if so, the fixed minimum land dimensions.

For the land zoned R1 General Residential the Maitland LEP 2011 does not contain a development standard specifying the land dimensions required to permit the erection of a dwelling house on the land.

Is the land in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016?

The land IS NOT identified in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the Biodiversity Conservation Act.

Is the land within a conservation area, however described?

The land IS NOT in a Heritage Conservation Area.

Is there an item of environmental heritage in a local environmental plan?

The land does NOT contain an item of Environmental Heritage.

Note: An item of environmental heritage, namely Aboriginal heritage, listed on the Aboriginal Heritage Information Management System (AHIMS), may be situated on the land. The Department of Planning and Environment, Biodiversity and Conservation Division.

ITEM 3 - Contribution plans

The name of each contributions plan under the Act, Division 7.1 applying to the land, including draft contributions plans.

- Maitland S94A Levy Contributions Plan 2006
- Maitland City Wide Section 94 Contributions Plan 2016

Maitland S94 Contributions Plan (City Wide) 2006

If the land is in a special contributions area under the Act, Division 7.1, the name of the area.

The land IS NOT in a special contributions area.

Note: In addition to the above developer contribution plans, Development Servicing Plans for water and sewer connection may be applicable, attracting additional contributions for the development, particularly where development will connect to water and/or sewer services.

ITEM 4 - Complying Development

If the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the complying development codes under State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, because of that Policy, clause 1.17A(1)(c)-(e), (2), (3) or (4), 1.18(1)(c3) or 1.19.

Complying development under the Housing Code may be carried out on the land.

Complying development under the **Low Rise Medium Density Housing Code** may be carried out on the land. Complying development under the **Greenfield Housing Code** may be carried out on the land, but only if the land is identified on the *Greenfield Housing Code Area Map* issued by the NSW Department of Planning and Environment.

Complying development under the **Rural Housing Code** may not be carried out on the land as it is not within an applicable zone.

Complying development under the **Housing Alterations Code** may be carried out on the land.

Complying development under the **General Development Code** may be carried out on the land.

Complying development under the **Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code** may be carried out on the land.

Complying development under the **Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code** may not be carried out on the land as it is not within an applicable zone.

Complying development under the **Subdivisions Code** may be carried out on the land.

Complying development under the **Demolition Code** may be carried out on the land.

Complying development under the **Fire Safety Code** may be carried out on the land.

Complying development under the **Container Recycling Facilities Code** may not be carried out on the land.

Note: Despite the above provisions, if only part of a lot is subject to an

exclusion or exemption under Clause 1.17A or Clause 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) Amendment (Commercial and Industrial Development and Other Matters) 2013, complying development may be carried out on that part of the lot that is not affected by the exclusion or exemption. The complying development may not be carried out on the land because of the following provisions of Clauses 1.17A(1)(c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18(1)(c3) and 1.19 of the Policy.

The provisions of Clauses 1.17A(1)(c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18(1)(c3) and 1.19 are not identified on the land. Complying development may be undertaken in accordance with the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 as amended.

Note: This information needs to be read in conjunction with the whole of the State Environment Planning Policy. If an identification, restriction or characteristic of land referred to above is not located on or does not comprise, the whole of the relevant land, complying development may be carried out on any part of the land not so identified, restricted or characterised.

Note: Information regarding whether the property is affected by flood related development controls or is bushfire prone land is identified in other sections of this certificate. If your property is identified as being impacted by bushfire or flooding, a specific technical assessment of these issues will be required as part of any Complying Development Certificate application under the State Environment Planning Policy, or a development application for any other type of development requiring consent from Council.

Note: Despite any references above advising that Complying Development may be undertaken on the land, certain Complying Development may be precluded from occurring on the land due to requirements contained in the remainder of State Environment Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008. It is necessary to review the State Environment Planning Policy in detail to ensure that specific types of complying development may be undertaken on the land.

If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that

- (a) a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land,
- (b) and that council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.

If the complying development codes are varied, under that Policy, clause 1.12, in relation to the land.

There are no variations to the exempt development codes within the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 that apply in the Maitland local government area.

For further information on complying development, please refer to the Department of Planning and Environment.

ITEM 5 - Exempt Development

If the land is land on which exempt development may be carried out under each of the exempt development codes under State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, because of that Policy, clause 1.16(1)(b1)-(d) or 1.16A.

If exempt development may not be carried out on the land because of 1 of those clauses, the reasons why it may not be carried out under the clause.

If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which exempt development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that

- a) a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and
- b) the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which exempt development may or may not be carried out on the land.

If the exempt development codes are varied, under that Policy, clause 1.12, in relation to the land.

ITEM 6 - Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

Whether the council is aware that -

The Council IS NOT aware of any affected building notice which is in force in respect of the land.

The Council is NOT aware of any building product rectification order which is in force in respect of the land and that has not been fully complied with.

The Council IS NOT aware of any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order being given in respect of the land and that is outstanding.

ITEM 7 - Land Reserved for Acquisition

Whether an environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in section 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by an authority of the State, as referred to in the Act, section 3.15.

No environmental planning instrument, deemed environmental planning instrument or draft environmental planning instrument applying to the land provides for the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act.

ITEM 8 - Road widening and road realignment

Whether the land is affected by road widening or road realignment under -

a) The land is NOT affected by road widening under Division 2 of Part 3 of the

Roads Act 1993.

- b) The land is NOT affected by road widening under any environmental planning instrument
- c) The land is NOT affected by any road-widening or realignment under any resolution of the Council
- d) The land is NOT affected by road-widening or realignment under a resolution of the Council

Note: This item relates to Council's road proposals only. Other authorities, including the NSW Roads and Traffic Authority may have road widening proposals.

ITEM 9 - Flood related development controls

The land or part of the land IS NOT within the flood planning area and subject to flood related development controls.

The land or part of the land IS NOT between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and subject to flood related development controls.

The Maitland LEP 2011 identifies the flood planning level (FPL) as the level of a 1:100 ARI flood event plus 0.5m freeboard. The probable maximum flood has the same meaning as the Floodplain Development Manual.

Note in this section – **flood planning area** has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual. **Floodplain Development Manual** means the Floodplain Development Manual (ISBN 0 7347 5476 00) published by the NSW Government in April 2005. **probable maximum flood** has the same meaning as in Floodplain Development Manual

Note: The information provided in item 9 is based on the data and information presently available to the Council and on development controls in force as at the date of this certificate. The identification of land as not being subject to flood related development controls does not mean that the land is not, or may not be, subject to flooding or that the land will not in the future be subject to flood related development controls, as additional data and information regarding the land become available.

ITEM 10 - Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

Whether any of the land is affected by an adopted policy that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip, bush fire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulfate soils, contamination, aircraft noise, salinity, coastal hazards, sea level rise or another risk, other than flooding.

All land within the Maitland Local Government Area has the potential to contain acid sulfate soils. Clause 7.1 of the Maitland Local Environmental Plan 2011 generally applies. Development consent is required where works described in the Table to this clause are proposed on land shown on the Maitland LEP 2011 Acid Sulfate Soils Map as being of the class specified for those works.

The Council has adopted by resolution a policy on contaminated land which may restrict the development of the land to which this certificate relates. This policy is implemented when zoning or land use changes are proposed on lands which:

- · are considered to be contaminated; or
- which have previously been used for certain purposes; or
- which have previously been used for certain purposes but Council's records do not have sufficient information about previous use of the land to determine whether the land is contaminated; or
- have been remediated for a specific use.

Consideration of Council's adopted policy and the application of provisions under relevant State legislation is warranted.

Note in this section -

adopted policy means a policy adopted -

- a) by the council, or
- b) by another public authority, if the public authority has notified the council that the policy will be included in a planning certificate issued by council.

ITEM - 11 Bush fire prone land

If any of the land is bush fire prone land, designated by the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service under the Act, section 10.3, a statement that all or some of the land is bush fire prone land.

The land is NOT identified as being bushfire prone land.

Note – In accordance with the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, bush fire prone land, in relation to area, means land recorded for the time being as bush fire prone on a bush fire prone land map for the area. This mapping is subject to periodic review.

Note – The identification of land as not being bushfire prone does not mean that the land is not, or may not be affected by bushfire or that the land will not in the future be subject to bushfire related development controls, as additional data and information regarding the land become available.

ITEM - 12 Loose-fill asbestos insulation

If the land includes residential premises, within the meaning of the Home Building Act 1989, Part 8, Division 1A, that are listed on the Register kept under that Division, a statement to that effect.

There are no premises on the subject land listed on the register.

ITEM - 13 Mine subsidence

Whether the land is declared to be a mine subsidence district, within the meaning of the Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017.

The land has NOT been proclaimed to be within a Mine Subsidence District under the meaning of section 20 of the Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017.

ITEM - 14 Paper subdivision information

There is no development plan that applies to the:

- 1) Land or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot
- 2) There is no subdivision order that applies to the land.

ITEM - 15 Property vegetation plans

If the land in relation to which a property vegetation plan is approved and in force under the Native Vegetation Act 2003, Part 4, a statement to that effect, but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the plan by the person or body that approved the plan under that Act.

The Council has not received any notification from Hunter Local Land Services that this land is affected by a property vegetation plan under Part 4 of the Native Vegetation Act 2003 (and that continues in force).

ITEM - 16 Biodiversity stewardship sites

If the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016, Part 5, a statement to that effect, but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the agreement by the biodiversity Conservation Trust.

The Council is not aware if the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

Note – Biodiversity stewardship agreements include biobanking agreements under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*, Part 7A that are taken to be biodiversity stewardship agreements under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, Part 5.

ITEM 17 - Biodiversity certified land

If the land is biodiversity certified land under the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016, Part 8, a statement to that effect.

The land is not biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.

Note – Biodiversity certified land includes land certified under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*, Part 7AA that is taken to be certified under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, Part 8.

ITEM 18 - Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Whether an order has been made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land, but only if the council has been notified or the order.

Council has NOT received notification from the Land and Environment Court of NSW that the land is affected by an Order under Trees – (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006.

ITEM 19 – Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

If the Coastal Management Act 2016 applies to the council, whether the owner, or a previous owner, of the land has given written consent to the land being subject to annual charges under the Local Government Act 1993, section 496B, for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works.

All correspondence should be directed to: General Manager P.O. Box 220 Maitland NSW 2320

The owner (or any previous owner) of the land has NOT consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of the Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act).

Note - In this section existing coastal protection works has the same meaning as in the Local Government Act 1993, section 553B.

Note – Existing coastal protection works are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land, such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment, that existed before 1 January 2011

ITEM 20 - Western Sydney Aerotropolis

The State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Western Parkland City) 2021 does not apply to land within the Maitland City Council local government area.

ITEM 21 - Development consent conditions for seniors housing

If State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, Chapter 3, Part 5 applies to the land, any conditions of a development consent granted after 11 October 2007 in relation to the land that are of the kind set out in that Policy, section 88(2).

Clause 88(2) of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021* restricts occupation of development approved for seniors housing to:

- a) Seniors or people who have a disability
- b) People who live in the same household with seniors or people who have a disability,
- c) Staff employed to assist in the administration and provision of services to housing provided under this Part.

ITEM 22 - Site compatibility certificates and development consent conditions for affordable rental housing

Whether there is a current site compatibility certificate under State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, or a former site compatibility certificate, of which the council is aware, in relation to proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate –

- a) the period for which the certificate is current, and
- b) that a copy may be obtained from the Department.

If State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, Chapter 2, Part 2, Division 1 or 5 applies to the land, any conditions of a development consent in relation to the land that are of a kind referred to in that Policy, section 21(1) or 40(1).

Any conditions of a development consent in relation to land that are kind referred to in State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009, clause 17(1) or 38(1).

Note - No Seniors Housing development consent conditions apply to this land.

Note - In this section – Former site compatibility certificate means a site compatibility certificate issued under State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.

Council is unaware if a Site Compatibility Certificate (Affordable Rental Housing) has been issued in accordance with State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.

Note. The following matters are prescribed by section 59(2) of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate.

Contaminated Land

- a) The land to which this certificate relates is NOT significantly contaminated land within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997.
- b) The land to which this certificate relates is NOT subject to a management order within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997.
- c) The land to which this certificate relates is NOT the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997.
- d) The land to which this certificate relates is NOT the subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997.
- e) Council has NOT been provided with a site audit statement, within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997, for the land to which this Certificate relates.

Jeff Smith General Manager

All correspondence should be directed to: General Manager P.O. Box 220 Maitland NSW 2320



HUNTER WATER CORPORATION

A.B.N. 46 228 513 446

SERVICE LOCATION PLAN

Enquiries: 1300 657 657 APPLICANT'S DETAILS



Catherine Davies Conveyancing

3 JUSTINE

RUTHERFORD

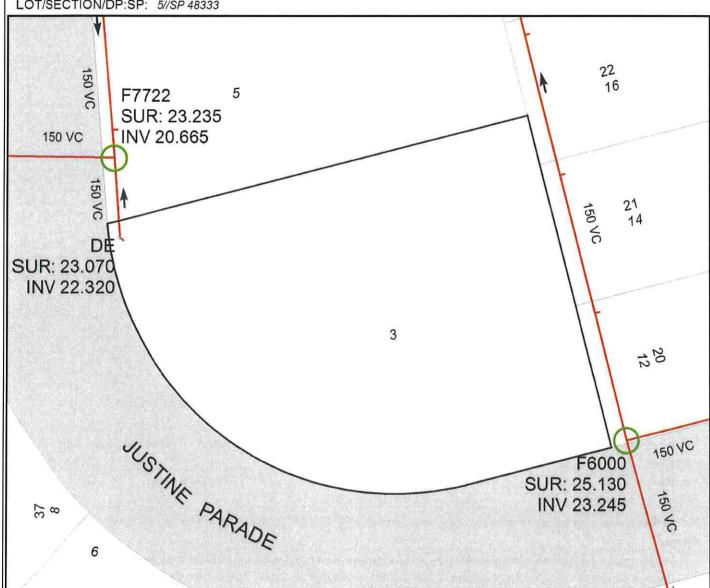
APPLICATION NO.: 2242240

APPLICANT REF: 4067 - Pearson Sale

RATEABLE PREMISE NO.: 3448710448

PROPERTY ADDRESS: 3 JUSTINE PDE RUTHERFORD 2320

LOT/SECTION/DP:SP: 5//SP 48333



SEWER POSITION APPROXIMATE ONLY. SUBJECT PROPERTY BOLDED. ALL MEASUREMENTS ARE METRIC.

IF A SEWERMAIN IS LAID WITHIN THE BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT, SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE SEWERMAIN APPLY IF DEVELOPMENT IS UNDERTAKEN. IN THESE CASES, IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT YOU SEEK ADVICE ON THE SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS PRIOR TO PURCHASE. PHONE 1300 657 657, FOR MORE INFORMATION.

IMPORTANT:

IF THIS PLAN INDICATES A SEWER CONNECTION IS AVAILABLE OR PROPOSED FOR THE SUBJECT PROPERTY, IT IS THE INTENDING OWNERS RESPONSIBILITY TO DETERMINE WHETHER IT IS PRACTICABLE TO DISCHARGE WASTEWATER FROM ALL PARTS OF THE PROPERTY TO THAT CONNECTION.

ANY INFORMATION ON THIS PLAN MAY NOT BE UP TO DATE AND THE CORPORATION ACCEPTS NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR ITS ACCURACY.

Date: 19/04/2024

Scale at A4: 1:500

CADASTRAL DATA © LPI OF NSW CONTOUR DATA © AAMHatch
© Department of Planning

SEWER/WATER/RECYCLED WATER UTILITY DATA

© HUNTER WATER CORPORATION



NOTICE OF RENT INCREASE

RESIDENTIAL TENANCIES ACT 2010 (NSW) - SECTION 41

IMPORTANT:

- 1. For fixed term agreements of 2 years or more, this notice must be served at least 60 days before the increased rent is payable.
- 2. For periodic agreements, this notice must not be served more than once in any period of 12 months.
- Under section 223 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW) (Act), any notice or document that is authorised or required under the Act, its regulations or a residential tenancy agreement can be served by sending it to an email address specified by the person for the service of documents.
- 4. If service of this notice is by way of email, before serving this notice electronically, the Landlord's Agent should obtain the written consent of the Tenant(s) for the electronic service of any notices or documents required to be given or served in respect of the residential tenancy agreement to which they are a party. In the absence of such consent, this notice should not be served by email. It is recommended that, to obtain the necessary consent, the Landlord's Agent should use the Email Service of Notices and Documents Consent Form (FM01020) prepared by the Real Estate Institute of New South Wales (located in REI Forms Live).
- 5. The electronic signing and service provisions in this notice apply only if this notice is signed or served electronically (including, without limitation, via a third-party platform).

10:		_	*******************************		CONTRACTOR		j				**************************************
(Name	of the Tenan	t(s))				***************************************	*****				
l give you n	otice of an in	crease	in ren	t in r <mark>ela</mark> tior	n to the premises at:						
Address o	f the premise	s 5/3	Justin	e Parade,	Rutherford						
							Post	code 23	20		
Date paya	able from:	16	/ 03	/ 2024	Your new rent will be	\$ 325.00			per	week	
SERVICE O	FNOTICE (S	ection	n 223)								
Delive	oring it to the	Tenan	ıt in pe	rson at the	premises.						
Mailin	g it to the Te	nant (a	allowing	g 4-7 work	ing days for service).						
NOTE	: When count	ting wo	orking e	days, do n	ot count:						
	the dat	e of po	osting;	or							
	the dat	e on w	hich th	e notice is	actually delivered; or						
	•	•		-	s or days the post office is o	closed; or					
	 Saturda 	•		•							
******					ox, in an envelope addresse						
	-				16 years at the person's resk	dential or busi	ness add	ress.			
✓ Emaili	ng to the Ter	nant by	y using	the Tenar	t's email address		***************************************			and the second s	
***************************************					The second secon			***************************************			
•	• •	nd by	the ten	ms of this	notice even if I sign this notic	ce electronica	lly.				
ſ	ousigned by: St ToWWS					C					
JC3.	0687641EA46A				/2024	08		/ 2024			
		(Siç	nature	of Landlo	rd/Landlord's Agent)	(Da	ate delive	ered/pos	ted/e	mailed)	
Agent	David Hag	garty F	Real Es	tate Pty Lt	<u>d</u>	constitution of the second section of the secti				had a managadad ad an one de description of a recognision is not required by a provider image of a successful and a december of the contract o	
Trading as	First Natio	nal Re	al Esta	te Maitland	1		Α	.B.N.	320	001 989 706	
Address	454 High S	street				ny may nigo ao ani	ana			eessening geves one are suit thing shelling his bid and had been considered to be seen to be	
Maitland,	NSW				1817 TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PR		P	ostcode	232	0	
Phone	02 4933 55	544		E	imail rentals@fnrem.com.au	l					

For information about your rights and obligations as a Tenant, contact: NSW Fair Trading on 133220 or www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au

NOTES:

- 1. The rent payable under a periodic agreement may not be increased more than once in any period of 12 months.
- 2. Notice is not required for a fixed term agreement with a fixed term of less than 2 years that specifies the date on which, and the amount by which, the rent payable under that agreement will be increased.
- The Tenant can negotiate with the agent to have the increase reduced or withdrawn. If the increase is reduced it still takes effect on the same day and no new notice is required.
- 4. If the Tenant believes the increase is excessive they may apply to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal (NCAT) for an order determining what the rent should be. The onus of proof is on the Tenant. Such applications need to be made within 30 days of receiving the notice.
- 5. During a fixed term agreement of 2 years or more the rent can be increased at any time, but no more than 1 increase each 12 months is permitted. The Tenant has the option of terminating the lease early without penalty during the rent increase notice period (see section 99 for further detail).
- 6. Where the same parties are renewing a fixed term agreement (regardless of its duration), notice of any rent increase must be given before the fixed term agreement is renewed.



RESIDENTIAL TENANCIES REGULATION 2019

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Please read this before completing the residential tenancy agreement (the Agreement).

- This form is your written record of your tenancy agreement. This is a binding contract under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, so please read all terms and conditions carefully.
- If you need advice or information on your rights and responsibilities, please call NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or visit
 www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au before signing the Agreement.
- If you require extra space to list additional items and terms, attach a separate sheet. All attachments should be signed and dated by both the landlord or the landlord's agent and the tenant to show that both parties have read and agree to the attachments.
- 4. The landlord or the landlord's agent must give the tenant a copy of the signed Agreement and any attachments, two copies or one electronic copy of the completed condition report and a copy of NSW Fair Trading's Tenant Information Statement publication.

This agreement is ma	de on 02 / 12	/2021 at 454 High St	reet, Maitland NSW 2320	Between
			andlord(s). If the landlord does not ordinarily reside h the landlord ordinarily resides]	in New South Wales,
Landlord 1 Name:	and the second of the second s		A.B.N. (If applicat	ole):
Landlord telephone n	umber or other contact d	etails:		د موسان و به والإسانة على المناسبة
If not in NSW, the Sta	te, Territory or country (if	not Australia) the landlord o	ordinarily resides in:	alan pada dan dalah dalam dalah yanggal dalam kalan dalam kanggal dalam kalan dalam dalam dalam dalam dalam da Kalan dalam da
Landlord 2 Name:			A.B.N. (if applicat	ole):
	umber or other contact d			,,,,,,,,,,
If not in NSW, the Sta	te, Territory or country (if	not Australia) the landlord	ordinarily resides in:	ad had had had all still gift had to a hag he shillhaid had hadhai hambai s, h. s all she e
	ist be provided for landlo is or residential address o	rd(s), whether or not there is of landlord(s)]	s a landlord's agent.	
	•	rd(s) if there is no landlord's of landlord(s) if landlord(s) is	_	
Tenant [Insert name of Tenant 1 Name	f tenant(s) and contact d	etails]		
Phone			Email cdibsdale@yahoo.com	
Tenant 2 Name				
Phone			Email	
Tenant 3 Name	1994 I. SPECIAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF TH			
Phone	OPILATE MATERIA MATERIA METALA ILA MEMBERA METALA MATERIA MATE		Email	ala da anta da
Tenant 4 Name				
Phone			Emali	
Landlord's agent deta	ils [Insert name of landle	ord's agent (if any) and con	tact details]	Account to the second of the s
	garty Real Estate Pty Ltd			*** #*********************************
Trading as David Hag			A.B.N. 32 001 989 706	
Address 454 High S	Street	ALAN COLOR COL		
Maitland, NSW			Postcode 2320	
Phone 02 4933 5544	Fax 02 4933 1706	Mobile 0408021921	Email rentals@davidhaggarty.com.au	
Tenant's agent details	[Insert name of tenant's	agent (if any) and contact	details]	
Name/s N/A			A.B.N.	
Address				
-1			Postcode	
Phone	Fax	Mobile	Email	



Term of agreement
The term of this agreement is:
6 months
12 months
2 years
3 years
5 years
Other (please specify): 52 weeks
Periodic (no end date)
starting on 09 /12 /2021 and ending on 07 /12 /2022 [Cross out if not applicable]
Note. For a residential tenancy agreement having a fixed term of more than 3 years, the agreement must be annexed to the form approved by the Registrar-General for registration under the Real Property Act 1900.
Residential Premises
The residential premises are [Insert address]
Address 5/3 Justine Parade
Suburb Rutherford State NSW Postcode 2320
The residential premises include: [Include any inclusions, for example, a parking space or furniture provided. Attach additional pages if necessary.]
single garage
Rent The rent is \$290.00 per week payable in advance starting on 09 /12 /2021. Note. Under section 33 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, a landlord, or landlord's agent, must not require a tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance under this Agreement. The method by which the rent must be paid: (a) to First National David Haggarty at 454 High Street, MAITLAND NSW 2320 by each or Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT), or
The second secon
BSB number: 032 - 529 Account number:
Account name: David Haggarty Real Estate Pty Ltd Trading As David Haggarty First National Rent Trust Account
Payment reference: , or
(c) as follows: n/a
Note. The landlord or landlord's agent must permit the tenant to pay the rent by at least one means for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) (see clause 4.1) and that is reasonably available to the tenant.
Rental bond [cross out if there is not going to be a bond]
A rental bond of \$1120.00 must be paid by the tenant on signing this agreement.
The amount of the rental bond must not be more than 4 weeks rent.
The tenant provided the rental bond amount to:
the landlord or another person, or
the landlord's agent, or
NSW Fair Trading through Rental Bonds Online.
Note. All rental bonds must be lodged with NSW Fair Trading. If the bond is paid to the landlord or another person, it must be deposited within 10 working days after it is paid using the Fair Trading approved form. If the bond is paid to the landlord's agent, it must be deposited within 10 working days after the end of the month in which it is paid.



IMPORTANT	INFORMATION									
Maximum numbe	r of occupants									
No more than 1	adult	persons may ordinarily live in the premises at any one tim	ne.							
Urgent repairs		tan'								
Nominated trades	people for urgent rep	pairs:								
Electrical repairs:	Matt Balley Electric	al	Telephone: 0409 328 2	60						
Plumbing repairs:	umbing repairs: Darren O'Brien Plumbing Telephone: 4933 5555									
Other repairs:	Dee Glass & Glazin	g	Telephone: 4934 1466							
Please contact th	e office first, leaving	our name, property, and return contact details	lunter Valley Lock Smiths	4934 1259						
Water usage										
Will the tenant be Utilities	required to pay sepa	arately for water usage? 📝 Yes 🗌 No 🛮 If yes, see o	clauses 12 and 13.							
Is electricity suppl	lied to the premises f	rom an embedded network?		Yes	√ No					
is gas supplied to	the premises from a	n embedded network?		Yes	√ No					
For more informat	ion on consumer righ	ts if electricity or gas is supplied from an embedded networ	k contact NSW Fair Trading	J.						
Smoke alarms		•								
		talled in the residential premises are hardwired or battery op	perated:							
Hardwired sm										
ballana:	ited smoke alarm		-1 1 0	T	[
		ed, are the batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenar needs to be used if the battery in the smoke alarm needs to		Yes	√ No					
ii yee, apcony the	type of battery that	libeds to be used if the battery in the smoke dialin needs to) be replaced.							
If the smoke alarm	s are hardwired are	the back-up batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the ten	ant can rankaga?	Yes	✓ No					
		ery that needs to be used if the back-up battery in the smol	•		Y 140					
		of 2015 applies to the residential premises, is the owners conceptacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises?	rporation of the strata	Yes	√ No					
Strata by-laws										
Are there any stra	ta or community sch	eme by-laws applicable to the residential premises?	Yes 🚺 No If yes, see	clauses 38 ar	nd 39.					
Giving notices an	d other documents	electronically [optional] [Cross out if not applicable]								
Residential Tenan	each person whethe cies Act 2010 being and or receive electro	or the person provides express consent to any notice and a given or served on them by email. The <i>Electronic Transactic</i> onically.	ny other document under so ons Act 2000 applies to not	ection 223 of ices and othe	the or					
[You should only o should agree on a time.]	onsent to electronic single email address	service if you check your emails regularly. If there is more to for electronic service. This will help ensure co-tenants rece	han one tenant on the agre pive notices and other docu	ement, all ten ments at the	ants same					
Landlord										
		ne purpose of serving notices and documents.	Yes No If yes, s	see clause 50	,					
Tenant				hida yaka da 4-24/4 FR-Pilm shi yaka ya wa 14 a a a a a a a wa wa 1						
		to the electronic service of notices and documents? [1] the purpose of serving notices and documents.]	Yes No If yes, s	ee clause 50).					

Condition report										
given to the tenant		tion of the premises must be completed by or on behalf of t	he landlord before or when	this agreeme	ent is					
Tenancy laws										
The Residential Te must comply with t	<i>nancies Act 2010</i> ar th <mark>ese</mark> laws.	nd the <i>Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019</i> apply to this a	agreement. Both the landlor	d and the ten	ant					



RIGHT TO OCCUPY THE PREMISES

 The landlord agrees that the tenant has the right to occupy the residential premises during the tenancy. The residential premises include the additional things (if any) noted under "Residential premises".

COPY OF AGREEMENT

- The landlord agrees to give the tenant:
 - 2.1 a copy of this agreement before or when the tenant gives the signed copy of the agreement to the landlord or landlord's agent, and
 - 2.2 a copy of this agreement signed by both the landlord and the tenant as soon as is reasonably practicable.

RENT

- 3. The tenant agrees:
 - 3.1 to pay rent on time, and
 - 3.2 to reimburse the landlord for the cost of replacing rent deposit books or rent cards lost by the tenant, and
 - 3.3 to reimburse the landlord for the amount of any fees paid by the landlord to a bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution as a result of funds of the tenant not being available for rent payment on the due date.

4. The landlord agrees:

- 4.1 to provide the tenant with at least one means to pay rent for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) and that is reasonably available to the tenant, and
- 4.2 not to require the tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance or to pay rent for a period of the tenancy before the end of the previous period for which rent has been paid, and
- 4.3 not to require the tenant to pay rent by a cheque or other negotiable instrument that is post-dated, and
- 4.4 to accept payment of unpaid rent after the landlord has given a termination notice on the ground of fallure to pay rent if the tenant has not vacated the residential premises, and
- 4.5 not to use rent paid by the tenant for the purpose of any amount payable by the tenant other than rent, and
- 4.6 to give a rent receipt to the tenant if rent is paid in person (other than by cheque), and
- 4.7 to make a rent receipt available for collection by the tenant or to post it to the residential premises or to send it by email to an email address specified in this agreement by the tenant for the service of documents of that kind if rent is paid by cheque, and
- 4.8 to keep a record of rent paid under this agreement and to provide a written statement showing the rent record for a specified period within 7 days of a request by the tenant (unless the landlord has previously provided a statement for the same period).

Note. The landlord and the tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

RENT INCREASES

5. The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent cannot be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement or under this agreement if the agreement is for a fixed term of 2 years or more, unless the landlord gives not less than 60 days written notice of the increase to the tenant. The notice must specify the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

Note. Section 42 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 sets out the circumstances in which rent may be increased during the fixed term of a residential tenancy agreement. An additional term for this purpose may be included in the agreement.

- The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent may not be increased after the end of the fixed term (If any) of this agreement more than once in any 12-month period.
- 7. The landlord and the tenant agree:
 - 7.1 that the increased rent is payable from the day specified in the notice, and
 - 7.2 that the landlord may cancel or reduce the rent increase by a later notice that takes effect on the same day as the original notice, and
 - 7.3 that increased rent under this agreement is not payable unless the rent is increased in accordance with this agreement and the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or by the Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

RENT REDUCTIONS

- 8. The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent abates if the residential premises:
 - 8.1 are destroyed, or become wholly or partly uninhabitable, otherwise than as a result of a breach of this agreement, or
 - 8.2 cease to be lawfully usable as a residence, or
 - 8.3 are compulsorily appropriated or acquired by an authority.
- The landlord and the tenant may, at any time during this agreement, agree to reduce the rent payable.

PAYMENT OF COUNCIL RATES, LAND TAX, WATER AND OTHER CHARGES

- 10. The landlord agrees to pay:
 - 10.1 rates, taxes or charges payable under any Act (other than charges payable by the tenant under this agreement), and
 - 10.2 the installation costs and charges for initial connection to the residential premises of an electricity, water, gas, bottled gas or oil supply service, and
 - 10.3 all charges for the supply of electricity, non-bottled gas or oil to the tenant at the residential premises that are not separately metered, and
 - Note 1. Clause 10.3 does not apply to premises located in an embedded network in certain circumstances in accordance with clauses 34 and 35 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.
 - Note 2. Clause 10.3 does not apply to social housing tenancy agreements in certain circumstances, in accordance with clause 36 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.
 - 10.4 the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles for the supply of bottled gas at the commencement of the tenancy, and
 - 10.5 all charges (other than water usage charges) in connection with a water supply service to separately metered residential premises, and
 - 10.6 all charges in connection with a water supply service to residential premises that are not separately metered, and
 - all charges for the supply of sewerage services (other than for pump out septic services) or the supply or use of drainage services to the residential premises, and
 - 10.8 all service availability charges, however described, for the supply of non-bottled gas to the residential premises if the premises are separately metered but do not have any appliances, supplied by the landlord, for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and



10.9 the costs and charges for repair, maintenance or other work carried out on the residential premises which is required to facilitate the proper installation or replacement of an electricity meter, in working order, including an advanced meter, if the meter installation is required by the retailer to replace an existing meter because the meter is faulty, testing indicates the meter may become faulty or the meter has reached the end of its life.

11. The tenant agrees to pay:

- 11.1 all charges for the supply of electricity or oil to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, and
- 11.2 all charges for the supply of non-bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, unless the premises do not have any appliances supplied by the landlord for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and
 - **Note.** Charges for the supply of gas in certain circumstances may also be payable by a tenant under a social housing agreement in accordance with clause 36 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.
- 11.3 all charges for the supply of bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises except for the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles at the start of the tenancy, and
- 11.4 all charges for pumping out a septic system used for the residential premises, and
- 11.5 any excess garbage charges relating to the tenant's use of the residential premises, and
- 11.6 water usage charges, if the landlord has installed water efficiency measures referred to in clause 10 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 and the residential premises:
 - 11.6.1 are separately metered, or
 - **11.6.2** are not connected to a water supply service and water is delivered by vehicle.

Note. Separately metered is defined in the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

- 12. The landlord agrees that the tenant is not required to pay water usage charges unless:
 - 12.1 the landlord gives the tenant a copy of the part of the water supply authority's bill setting out the charges, or other evidence of the cost of water used by the tenant, and
 - 12.2 the landlord gives the tenant at least 21 days to pay the charges, and
 - 12.3 the landlord requests payment of the charges by the tenant not later than 3 months after the issue of the bill for the charges by the water supply authority, and
 - **12.4** the residential premises have the following water efficiency measures:
 - 12.4.1 all internal cold water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins on the premises have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute.
 - 12.4.2 on and from 23 March 2025, all tollets are dual flush tollets that have a minimum 3 star rating in accordance with the WELS scheme,
 - **12.4.3** all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
 - 12.4.4 at the commencement of the residential tenancy agreement and whenever any other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded, the premises are checked and any leaking taps or toilets on the premises have been fixed.

13. The landlord agrees to give the tenant the benefit of, or an amount equivalent to, any rebate received by the landlord for water usage charges payable or paid by the tenant.

POSSESSION OF THE PREMISES

14. The landlord agrees:

- 14.1 to make sure the residential premises are vacant so the tenant can move in on the date agreed, and
- 14.2 to take all reasonable steps to ensure that, at the time of signing this agreement, there is no legal reason why the premises cannot be used as a residence for the term of this agreement.

TENANT'S RIGHT TO QUIET ENJOYMENT

15. The landlord agrees:

- 15.1 that the tenant will have quiet enjoyment of the residential premises without interruption by the landlord or any person claiming by, through or under the landlord or having superior title to that of the landlord (such as a head landlord), and
- 15.2 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will not interfere with, or cause or permit any interference with, the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises, and
- 15.3 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the landlord's other neighbouring tenants do not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises.

USE OF THE PREMISES BY TENANT

16. The tenant agrees:

- 16.1 not to use the residential premises, or cause or permit the premises to be used, for any illegal purpose, and
- 16.2 not to cause or permit a nuisance, and
- 16.3 not to interfere, or cause or permit interference, with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
- 16.4 not to intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises, and
- 16.5 not to cause or permit more people to reside in the residential premises than is permitted by this agreement.

17. The tenant agrees:

- 17.1 to keep the residential premises reasonably clean, and
- 17.2 to notify the landlord as soon as practicable of any damage to the residential premises, and
- 17.3 that the tenant is responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a person who is lawfully on the residential premises if the person is only permitted on the premises with the tenant's consent and the act or omission would be in breach of this agreement if done or omitted by the tenant, and
- 17.4 that it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes on the residential premises.
- 18. The tenant agrees, when this agreement ends and before giving vacant possession of the premises to the landlord:
 - **18.1** to remove all the tenant's goods from the residential premises, and
 - 18.2 to leave the residential premises as nearly as possible in the same condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of the tenancy, and
 - 18.3 to leave the residential premises reasonably clean, having regard to their condition at the commencement of the tenancy, and
 - 18.4 to remove or arrange for the removal of all rubbish from the residential premises in a way that is lawful and in accordance with council requirements, and



- 18.5 to make sure that all light fittings on the premises have working globes, and
- 18.6 to return to the landlord all keys, and other opening devices or similar devices, provided by the landlord.

Note. Under section 54 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the vicarious liability of a tenant for damage to residential premises caused by another person is not imposed on a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence, or a co-tenant who is not a relevant domestic violence offender, if the damage occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence (within the meaning of that Act).

LANDLORD'S GENERAL OBLIGATIONS FOR RESIDENTIAL PREMISES

19. The landlord agrees:

19.1 to make sure that the residential premises are reasonably clean and fit to live in, and

Note 1. Section 52 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* specifies the minimum requirements that must be met for residential premises to be fit to live in. These include that the residential premises:

- (a) are structurally sound, and
- (b) have adequate natural light or artificial lighting in each room of the premises other than a room that is intended to be used only for the purposes of storage or a garage, and
- (c) have adequate ventilation, and
- (d) are supplied with electricity or gas and have an adequate number of electricity outlet sockets or gas outlet sockets for the supply of lighting and heating to, and use of appliances in, the premises, and
- (e) have adequate plumbing and drainage, and
- (f) are connected to a water supply service or infrastructure that supplies water (including, but not limited to, a water bore or water tank) that is able to supply to the premises hot and cold water for drinking and ablution and cleaning activities, and
- (g) contain bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow privacy for the user.

Note 2. Premises are structurally sound only if the floors, ceilings, walls, supporting structures (including foundations), doors, windows, roof, stairs, balconies, balustrades and railings:

- (a) are in a reasonable state of repair, and
- (b) with respect to the floors, ceilings, walls and supporting structures—are not subject to significant dampness, and
- (c) with respect to the roof, ceilings and windows—do not allow water penetration into the premises, and
- (d) are not liable to collapse because they are rotted or otherwise defective.
- 19.2 to make sure that all light fittings on the residential premises have working light globes on the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 19.3 to keep the residential premises in a reasonable state of repair, considering the age of, the rent paid for and the prospective life of the premises, and
- 19.4 not to interfere with the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises (unless the interference is necessary to avoid danger to any person or enable maintenance or repairs to be carried out), and

- 19.5 not to hinder a tradesperson's entry to the residential premises when the tradesperson is carrying out maintenance or repairs necessary to avoid health or safety risks to any person, or to avoid a risk that the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises may be disconnected, and
- 19.6 to comply with all statutory obligations relating to the health or safety of the residential premises, and
- 19.7 that a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence or a co-tenant who is under the same agreement as the victim of the domestic violence offence but is not a relevant domestic violence offender is not responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a co-tenant that is a breach of this agreement if the act or omission constitutes or resulted in damage to the premises and occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence.

URGENT REPAIRS

- 20. The landlord agrees to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding \$1,000) that the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs to the residential premises (of the type set out below) so long as:
 - 20.1 the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant, and
 - 20.2 the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage, and
 - 20.3 the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs, and
 - 20.4 the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs, and
 - 20.5 the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons, and
 - 20.6 the tenant, as soon as possible, gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.

Note. The type of repairs that are *urgent repairs* are defined in the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* and are defined as follows:

- (a) a burst water service,
- (b) an appliance, fitting or fixture that uses water or is used to supply water that is broken or not functioning properly, so that a substantial amount of water is being wasted,
- (c) a blocked or broken lavatory system,
- (d) a serious roof leak.
- (e) a gas leak,
- (f) a dangerous electrical fault,
- (g) flooding or serious flood damage,
- (h) serious storm or fire damage,
- a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises,
- a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the residential premises for hot water, cooking, heating, cooling or laundering,
- (k) any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or insecure.

SALE OF THE PREMISES

21. The landlord agrees:

21.1 to give the tenant written notice that the landlord intends to sell the residential premises, at least 14 days before the premises are made available for inspection by potential purchasers, and



- 21.2 to make all reasonable efforts to agree with the tenant as to the days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.
- 22. The tenant agrees not to unreasonably refuse to agree to days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.
- 23. The landlord and the tenant agree:
 - 23.1 that the tenant is not required to agree to the residential premises being available for inspection more than twice in a period of a week, and
 - 23.2 that, If they fail to agree, the landlord may show the residential premises to potential purchasers not more than twice in any period of a week and must give the tenant at least 48 hours notice each time.

LANDLORD'S ACCESS TO THE PREMISES

- 24. The landlord agrees that the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person authorised in writing by the landlord, during the currency of this agreement, may only enter the residential premises in the following circumstances:
 - 24.1 in an emergency (including entry for the purpose of carrying out urgent repairs),
 - 24.2 if the Civil and Administrative Tribunal so orders,
 - 24.3 if there is good reason for the landlord to believe the premises are abandoned,
 - 24.4 if there is good reason for serious concern about the health of the tenant or any other person on the residential premises and a reasonable attempt has been made to obtain consent to the entry.
 - 24.5 to inspect the premises, if the tenant is given at least 7 days written notice (no more than 4 inspections are allowed in any period of 12 months),
 - 24.6 to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
 - 24.7 to carry out, or assess the need for, work relating to statutory health and safety obligations relating to the residential premises, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
 - 24.8 to show the premises to prospective tenants on a reasonable number of occasions if the tenant is given reasonable notice on each occasion (this is only allowed during the last 14 days of the agreement),
 - 24.9 to value the property, if the tenant is given 7 days notice (not more than one valuation is allowed in any period of 12 months).
 - 24.10 to take photographs, or make visual recordings, of the inside of the premises in order to advertise the premises for sale or lease, if the tenant is given reasonable notice and reasonable opportunity to move any of their possessions that can reasonably be moved out of the frame of the photograph or the scope of the recording (this is only allowed once in a 28 day period before marketing of the premises starts for sale or lease or the termination of this agreement),
 - 24.11 if the tenant agrees.
- 25. The landlord agrees that a person who enters the residential premises under clause 24.5, 24.6, 24.7, 24.8, 24.9 or 24.10 of this agreement:
 - 25.1 must not enter the premises on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the tenant agrees, and
 - 25.2 may enter the premises only between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m., unless the tenant agrees to another time, and
 - 25.3 must not stay on the residential premises longer than is necessary to achieve the purpose of the entry to the premises, and

- 25.4 must, if practicable, notify the tenant of the proposed day and time of entry.
- 26. The landlord agrees that, except in an emergency (including to carry out urgent repairs), a person other than the landlord or the landlord's agent must produce to the tenant the landlord's or the landlord's agent's written permission to enter the residential premises.
- 27. The tenant agrees to give access to the residential premises to the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person, if they are exercising a right to enter the residential premises in accordance with this agreement.

PUBLISHING PHOTOGRAPHS OR VISUAL RECORDINGS

- 28. The landlord agrees that the landlord or the landlord's agent must not publish any photographs taken or visual recordings made of the inside of the residential premises in which the tenant's possessions are visible unless they first obtain written consent from the tenant
 - **Note.** See section 55A of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* for when a photograph or visual recording is published.
- 29. The tenant agrees not to unreasonably withhold consent. If the tenant is in circumstances of domestic violence within the meaning of section 105B of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, it is not unreasonable for the tenant to withhold consent.

FIXTURES, ALTERATIONS, ADDITIONS OR RENOVATIONS TO THE PREMISES

- 30. The tenant agrees:
 - 30.1 not to install any fixture or renovate, alter or add to the residential premises without the landlord's written permission, and
 - 30.2 that certain kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations that are of a minor nature specified by clause 22(2) of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 may only be carried out by a person appropriately qualified to carry out those alterations unless the landlord gives consent, and
 - 30.3 to pay the cost of a fixture, installed by or on behalf of the tenant, or any renovation, alteration or addition to the residential premises, unless the landlord otherwise agrees, and
 - 30.4 not to remove, without the landlord's permission, any fixture attached by the tenant that was paid for by the landlord or for which the landlord gave the tenant a benefit equivalent to the cost of the fixture, and
 - 30.5 to notify the landlord of any damage caused by removing any fixture attached by the tenant, and
 - 30.6 to repair any damage caused by removing the fixture or compensate the landlord for the reasonable cost of repair.
- 31. The landlord agrees not to unreasonably withhold consent to a fixture, or to an alteration, addition or renovation that is of a minor nature.

Note. The *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* provides a list of the kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations of a minor nature to which it would be unreasonable for a landlord to withhold consent and which of those fixtures, or alterations, additions or renovations the landlord may give consent to on the condition that the fixture or alteration, addition or renovation is carried out by an appropriately qualified person.

LOCKS AND SECURITY DEVICES

- 32. The landlord agrees:
 - 32.1 to provide and maintain locks or other security devices necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure, and



- 32.2 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device for the residential premises or common property to which the tenant is entitled to have access, and
- 32.3 not to charge the tenant for the cost of providing the copies except to recover the cost of replacement or additional copies, and
- 32.4 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the tenant agrees, and
- 32.5 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of any key or other opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the landlord changes as soon as practicable (and no later than 7 days) after the change.

33. The tenant agrees:

- 33.1 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the landlord agrees, and
- 33.2 to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the tenant changes within 7 days of the change.
- 34. A copy of a changed key or other opening device need not be given to the other party if the other party agrees not to be given a copy or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal authorises a copy not to be given or the other party is prohibited from access to the residential premises by an apprehended violence order.

TRANSFER OF TENANCY OR SUB-LETTING BY TENANT

35. The landlord and the tenant agree that:

- 35.1 the tenant may, with the landlord's written permission, transfer the tenant's tenancy under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises, and
- 35.2 the landlord may refuse permission (whether or not it is reasonable to do so) to the transfer of the whole of the tenancy or sub-letting the whole of the residential premises, and
- 35.3 the landlord must not unreasonably refuse permission to a transfer of part of a tenancy or a sub-letting of part of the residential premises, and
- 35.4 without limiting clause 35.3, the landlord may refuse permission to a transfer of part of the tenancy or to subletting part of the residential premises if the number of occupants would be more than is permitted under this agreement or any proposed tenant or sub-tenant is listed on a residential tenancy database or it would result in overcrowding of the residential premises.

Note. Clauses 35.3 and 35.4 do not apply to social housing tenancy agreements.

 The landlord agrees not to charge for giving permission other than for the landlords reasonable expenses in giving permission.

CHANGE IN DETAILS OF LANDLORD OR LANDLORD'S AGENT

37. The landlord agrees:

- 37.1 if the name and telephone number or contact details of the landlord change, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.2 if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and

- 37.3 if the name, telephone number or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name, telephone number and business address, as appropriate, within 14 days, and
- 37.4 if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name or business address of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.5 if the State, Territory or country in which the landlord ordinarily resides changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

COPY OF CERTAIN BY-LAWS TO BE PROVIDED

[Cross out if not applicable]

- The landlord agrees to give to the tenent, before the tenent enters into this agreement, a capy of the by lawe applying to the recidential promises if they are promises under the Strate Schemes Management Act 2015
- The lendlerd egrace to give to the tenent, within 7 days of entering into this agreement, a copy of the by laws applying to the residential promises if they are promises under the Strata Schemes Development Act 2015 the Community Land Development Act 1989 or the Community Land Management Act 1989.

MITIGATION OF LOSS

40. The rules of law relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement, the landlord will not be able to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

RENTAL BOND

[Cross out this clause if no rental bond is payable]

- 41. The landlord agrees that, where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with:
 - 41.1 details of the amount claimed, and
 - **41.2** copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim, and
 - 41.3 a copy of a completed condition report about the residential premises at the end of the residential tenancy agreement.

SMOKE ALARMS

42. The landlord agrees to:

- 42.1 ensure that smoke alarms are installed in accordance with the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 if that Act requires them to be installed in the premises and are functioning in accordance with the regulations under that Act, and
- 42.2 conduct an annual check of all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises to ensure that the smoke alarms are functioning, and
- 42.3 install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, all removable batteries in all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises annually, except for smoke alarms that have a removable lithium battery, and
- 42.4 install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, a removable lithium battery in a smoke alarm in the period specified by the manufacturer of the smoke alarm, and
- **42.5** engage an authorised electrician to repair or replace a hardwired smoke alarm, and



- 42.6 repair or replace a smoke alarm within 2 business days of becoming aware that the smoke alarm is not working unless the tenant notifies the landlord that the tenant will carry out the repair to the smoke alarm and the tenant carries out the repair, and
- 42.7 reimburse the tenant for the costs of a repair or replacement of a smoke alarm in accordance with clause 18 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*, that the tenant is allowed to carry out.
- Note 1. Under section 64A of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, repairs to a smoke alarm includes maintenance of a smoke alarm in working order by installing or replacing a battery in the smoke alarm.
- **Note 2.** Clauses 42.2–42.7 do not apply to a landlord of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.
- **Note 3.** A tenant who intends to carry out a repair to a smoke alarm may do so only in the circumstances prescribed for a tenant in clause 15 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.
- Note 4. Section 64A of the Act provides that a smoke alarm includes a heat alarm.

43. The tenant agrees:

- 43.1 to notify the landlord if a repair or a replacement of a smoke alarm is required, including replacing a battery in the smoke alarm, and
- 43.2 that the tenant may only replace a battery in a battery-operated smoke alarm, or a back-up battery in a hardwired smoke alarm, if the smoke alarm has a removable battery or a removable back-up battery, and
- 43.3 to give the landlord written notice, as soon as practicable if the tenant will carry out and has carried out a repair or replacement, or engages a person to carry out a repair or replacement, in accordance with clauses 15–17 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

Note. Clauses 43.2 and 43.3 do not apply to tenants under social housing tenancy agreements or tenants of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

44. The landlord and tenant each agree not to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed on the residential premises unless they have a reasonable excuse to do so.

Note. The regulations made under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* provide that it is an offence to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm or a heat alarm in particular circumstances.

SWIMMING POOLS

[Cross out this clause if there is no swimming pool]

45. The leadlers agrees to occure that the requirements of the Swimming Peals 4 at 1992 have been complied with in respect of the swimming peal on the residential promises.

[Cross out the following clause if there is no swimming pool or the swimming pool is situated on land in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) or in a community scheme (within the meaning of the Community Land Development Act 1989) and that strata or community scheme comprises more than 2 lots]

46. The landlerd agrees to ensure that at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into:

the automing pool on the residential promises is registered under the Suiteming Pools Act 1992 and has a walled certificate of compliance under that Act and relevant pools and the certificate within the meaning of that Act and

49.3 a copy of that valid contificate of compliance or relevant

Note. A swimming pool certificate of compliance is valid for 3 years from its date of issue.

LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

47. The landlord agrees:

- 47.1 if, at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into, the premises have been and remain listed on the LFAI Register, the tenant has been advised in writing by the landlord that the premises are listed on that Register, or
- 47.2 if, during the tenancy, the premises become listed on the LFAI Register, to advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of the premises being listed on the Register, that the premises are listed on the Register.

COMBUSTIBLE CLADDING

- 48. The landlord agrees that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware of any of the following facts, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing within 14 days of becoming aware of the fact:
 - 48.1 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a fire safety order, or a fire safety order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,
 - 48.2 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a building product rectification order, or a building product rectification order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,
 - 48.3 that the residential premises are part of a building where a development application or complying development certificate application has been lodged for rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding.

SIGNIFICANT HEALTH OR SAFETY RISKS

49. The landlord agrees that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware that the premises are subject to a significant health or safety risk, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of becoming aware, that the premises are subject to the significant health or safety risk and the nature of the risk.

ELECTRONIC SERVICE OF NOTICES AND OTHER DOCUMENTS

50. The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 50.1 to only serve any notices and any other documents, authorised or required by the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the regulations or this agreement, on the other party by emall if the other party has provided express consent, either as part of this agreement or otherwise, that a specified email address is to be used for the purpose of serving notices and other documents, and
- 50.2 to notify the other party in writing within 7 days if the email address specified for electronic service of notices and other documents changes, and
- 50.3 that they may withdraw their consent to the electronic service of notices and other documents at any time, by notifying the other party in writing, and
- 50.4 if a notice is given withdrawing consent to electronic service of notices and other documents, following the giving of such notice, no further notices or other documents are to be served by email.

BREAK FEE FOR FIXED TERM OF NOT MORE THAN 3 YEARS

- 51. The tenant agrees that, if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount if the fixed term is not more than 3 years:
 - 51.1 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the fixed term has expired,



- **51.2** 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the fixed term has expired,
- 51.3 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the fixed term has expired,
- 51.4 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the fixed term has expired.

This clause does not apply if the tenant terminates a fixed term residential tenancy agreement for a fixed term of more than 3 years or if the tenant terminates a residential tenancy agreement early for a reason that is permitted under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010.*

Note. Permitted reasons for early termination include destruction of residential premises, breach of the agreement by the landlord and an offer of social housing or a place in an aged care facility, and being in circumstances of domestic violence. Section 107 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* regulates the rights of the landlord and tenant under this clause.

52. The landlord agrees that the compensation payable by the tenant for ending the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of not more than 3 years is limited to the amount specified in clause 51 and any occupation fee payable under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 for goods left on the residential premises.

Note. Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 also regulates the rights of landlords and tenants for a residential tenancy agreement with a fixed term of more than 3 years.

ADDITIONAL TERMS

[Additional terms may be included in this agreement if:

- (a) both the landlord and the tenant agree to the terms, and
- (b) they do not conflict with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 or any other Act, and
- (c) they do not conflict with the standard terms of this agreement.
 ANY ADDITIONAL TERMS ARE NOT REQUIRED BY LAW AND ARE
 NEGOTIABLE!

ADDITIONAL TERM - PETS

[Cross out this clause if not applicable]

53. The landlord agrees that the tenant may keep the following animal on the residential premises [specify the breed, size etc]:

NO PETS

54. The tenant agrees

- 54.1 to supervise and keep the animal within the premises, and
- 54.2 to ensure that the animal does not cause a nuisance, or breach the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
- 54.3 to ensure that the animal is registered and micro-chipped if required under law, and
- 54.4 to comply with any council requirements.
- 55. The tenant agrees to have the carpet professionally cleaned or to pay the cost of having the carpet professionally cleaned at the end of the tenancy if cleaning is required because an animal has been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy.

ADDITIONAL TERM - AGREEMENT TO USE PREVIOUS CONDITION REPORT

56. The landlord and tenant:

- 56.1 agree that the condition report included in a residential tenancy agreement entered into by the tenant and dated

 15 / 12 / 2018 (insert a date if the landlord and and tenant agree to this clause) forms part of this agreement,
- **56.2** acknowledge that the tenant's responses in that condition report form part of this agreement, and

56.3 agree that two physical copies of that condition report, or one electronic copy, have been given to the tenant on or before the date of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANT'S CARE AND USE OF THE RESIDENTIAL PREMISES $\label{eq:control}$

- Further to clauses 16 and 17 and subject to any applicable by-law, the tenant agrees:
 - **57.1** to use the residential premises for residential purposes only:
 - 57.2 not to use, advertise for use, sub-let, licence, transfer or otherwise part with possession of the whole or any part of the residential premises for the purpose of giving a person the right to occupy the residential premises for the purpose of a holiday, without the prior written consent of the landlord where such consent may be refused in the landlord's absolute discretion;
 - 57.3 to clean the residential premises regularly with special attention to the kitchen, bathroom and appliances;
 - **57.4** to put nothing down any sink, toilet or drain likely to cause obstruction or damage;
 - 57.5 to wrap up and place garbage in a suitable container;
 - 57.6 to regularly mow the lawns and keep the grounds and garden tidy and free of weeds and rubbish and maintain them in their condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of this agreement;
 - 57.7 to take special care of the items let with the residential premises including any furniture, furnishings and appliances:
 - 57.8 to do no decorating that involves painting, marking or defacing the residential premises or fixing posters without the prior written consent of the landlord or an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal;
 - 57.9 to ensure that nothing is done that may prejudice any insurance policy or increase the premium payable under any insurance policy held by the landlord in relation to the residential premises and to ensure that nothing is done on the residential premises which may expose the owner to any claims or liability or which might give rise to an insurance claim:
 - **57.10** to notify the landlord promptly of any infectious disease or the presence of rats, cockroaches, fleas or other pests;
 - 57.11 to ventilate, in an adequate and timely manner and, if applicable, without any alteration or addition to the common property, all rooms and areas in the residential premises and to prevent the growth of mould;
 - 57.12 not to remove, alter or damage any water efficiency measure installed in the residential premises;
 - 57.13 not to store rubbish, unregistered vehicles, any inflammable, dangerous or hazardous chemical, liquid or gas (with the exception of petrol or gas stored in the fuel tank of any registered motor vehicle) or other inflammable, dangerous or hazardous material on the residential premises, and storage of any Items on the residential premises is at the tenant's own risk; and
 - 57.14 to take out and bring in, in accordance with the scheduled garbage collection days, and to keep clean, all bins that are supplied with the residential premises and to pay the cost of repair or replacement of any bins that become damaged, lost or stolen (if not repaired or replaced at the cost of the relevant authority) whilst the tenant is in occupation of the residential premises.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES

58. The tenant agrees:

58.1 to leave, in the same manner of connection or operation, any telephone service installed in the residential premises at the commencement of this agreement; and



the availability of telephone or fax lines, internet services, 58 2 analogue, digital or cable television (and the adequacy of such services) are the sole responsibility of the tenant and the tenant should make their own enquirles as to the availability and adequacy of such services before executing this agreement. The landlord does not warrant that any telephone or fax plugs, antenna sockets or other such sockets or service points located in the residential premises are serviceable, or will otherwise meet the requirements of the tenant, and tenants must rely upon their own enquiries. The landlord is not obliged to install any antenna, plugs or sockets including but not limited to any digital aerials or antennas or to carry out any upgrades in respect of television or internet reception on the residential premises.

ADDITIONAL TERM - RENT AND RENTAL BOND

59. The tenant agrees:

- **59.1** to pay the rent on or before the day which the term of this agreement begins; and
- 59.2 not to apply any rental bond towards payment of the rent without the prior written consent of the landlord.
- 60. The landlord and the tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - OCCUPANTS

61. The tenant agrees:

- 61.1 not to part with possession other than in accordance with the provisions of this agreement or the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, and
- 61.2 to ensure that occupants and other persons who come on to the residential premises with the tenant's consent comply with the conditions of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TERMINATION

62. The tenant acknowledges that a notice of termination does not by itself end the tenant's obligations under this agreement.

63. The tenant agrees:

- 63,1 upon termination of this agreement, to:
 - (a) promptly and peacefully deliver up vacant possession of the residential premises to the landlord by the date specified in the termination notice or otherwise in accordance with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010,
 - (b) promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent of the tenant's forwarding address; and
 - (c) comply with its obligations in clause 18 of this agreement; and
- 63.2 that the tenant's obligations under this agreement continue until such time as the tenant has provided vacant possession of the residential premises, left them in the condition required under this agreement and returned to the landlord or the landlord's agent all keys, access cards, locks and other opening devices and security items.
- 64. Notwithstanding any termination of this agreement, the tenant acknowledges and agrees that an application may be made to the Civil and Administrative Tribunal if the tenant does not vacate when required or otherwise does not comply with this agreement.

65. The landlord and the tenant agree that:

- 65.1 any action by the landlord or the tenant to terminate this agreement shall not affect any claim for compensation in respect of a breach of this agreement; and
- 65.2 the acceptance of or demand for rent or other money by the landlord after service of a termination notice for breach does not operate as a waiver of that notice nor does it evidence the creation of a new tenancy.

Note: Examples of where a fixed term agreement can be ended are where a party has breached the agreement (in which case the notice period is not less than 14 days) or where the rent has remained unpaid in breach of the agreement for not less than 14 days. Examples of where a periodic agreement can be ended are where a contract for sale of land requiring vacant possession has been exchanged (in which case the notice period is not less than 30 days), a party has breached the agreement (in which case the notice period is not less than 14 days) or where the rent has remained unpaid in breach of the agreement for not less than 14 days.

Note: If the tenant breaches this agreement the landlord should refer to section 87(2) of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010.*

ADDITIONAL TERM - STATUTES, STRATA BY-LAWS, RULES AND SPECIAL CONDITIONS FOR FLATS

66. The tenant acknowledges and agrees:

- 66.1 to observe all relevant statutes, statutory regulations, strata by-laws, company title rules and community title rules relating to health, safety, noise and other housing standards with respect to the residential premises;
- 66.2 where the residential premises are subject to the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, the Strata Schemes Development Act 2015, the Community Land Development Act 1989 or the Community Land Management Act 1989, to observe and comply with any applicable strata by-laws and/or management statements and any applicable law;
- 66.3 where the residential premises are a flat (not subject to the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, the Strata Schemes Development Act 2015, the Community Land Development Act 1989 or the Community Land Management Act 1989), to comply with any applicable law and the special conditions contained in Schedule A of this agreement and any other special conditions as notified to the tenant from time to time; and
- 66.4 that, at the tenant's cost, the owners corporation or strata managing agent may dispose of abandoned goods, perishable goods or rubbish left on common property.

ADDITIONAL TERM - SWIMMING POOLS

(This clause does not apply when there is no pool on the residential premises)

67. Unless otherwise agreed by the landlard and topent in writing, the

- 67.1 to useuum, hrush and aloon the peal, healtweek the filter and ampty the loof heaksi(a) regularly keeping them free from loof litter and other debaie.
- 67.0 to have the pool water tested once a month at a pool shop and to purchase and use the appropriate chemicals to keep the water class and class:
- 67.2 to keep the water level above the filter inlet at all times;
- 67.4 to notify the landlerd or the lengtherd's agent as seen as practicable of any problems with the pool or equipment,
- 67.5 not to interfere with the operation of any peal eafety gate, access door, fonce or harrier including not propping or halding open any cafety gate or access door, nor leaving any item or object near a peal eafety gate, access door, fance or barrier which would aid or allow access by abildrap to the peal access are allow oblighed to alimb the peal access to gate, access door, fance or barrier and
- 67.6 to ensure that the peal eafety gets or access decrin



68,2

69.2

N/A

RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

ADDITIONAL TERM - RENT INCREASES DURING THE FIXED TERM (for a fixed term of less than 2 years):

68. By completing this clause, the parties agree that the rent will be increased during the fixed term of the agreement as follows:

68.1 the rent will be increased to

\$N/A		per		
	on	1	1	; and
to \$N/A		per		
	on	1	1	; or
the rent increase ca method (set out de		ted by th	e followi	ing
N/A				
***************************************	e ame dree (- agente dreeper pp pp dref d d pro			

Note: The rent payable under a residential tenancy agreement may be increased only if the tenant is given written notice by the landlord or the landlord's agent specifying the increased rent and the day from which it is payable, and the notice is given at least 60 days before the increased rent is payable.

ADDITIONAL TERM – RENT INCREASES DURING THE FIXED TERM (for a fixed term of 2 years or more):

- 69. By completing this clause, the parties agree that the rent will be increased during the fixed term of the agreement as follows:
 - 69.1 the rent will be increased to

on / / to \$N/A per	; and
A 4.14	
on / /	; or
the rent increase can be calculated by the following method (set out details):	

Note: The rent payable under a residential tenancy agreement may be increased only if the tenant is given written notice by the landlord or the landlord's agent specifying the increased rent and the day from which it is payable, and the notice is given at least 60 days before the increased rent is payable.

Note: The rent payable under a fixed term agreement for a fixed term of 2 years or more must not be increased more than once in any period of 12 months, and may be increased whether or not the agreement sets out the amount of the increase or the method of calculating the increase.

ADDITIONAL TERM - CONDITION REPORT FORMS PART OF THIS AGREEMENT

- 70. For avoidance of doubt:
 - 70.1 a condition report which accompanies this agreement, forms part of this agreement;
 - 70.2 a condition report that is signed by both the landlord and the tenant is presumed to be a correct statement, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, of the state of repair or general condition of the residential premises on the day specified in the report; and

70.3 If the tenant falls to return the condition report to the landlord or the landlord's agent within 7 days after taking possession of the residential premises, then the tenant is deemed to have accepted the landlord's signed condition report and that report forms part of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - ADDITIONAL TENANT OBLIGATIONS

71. The tenant agrees:

- 71.1 to reimburse the landlord, within 30 days of being requested to do so, for:
 - (a) any call out fees payable where the call out has been arranged with the tenant and the tenant has failed to provide access to the residential premises for any reason, preventing the relevant service from taking place;
 - (b) any cost or expense of any kind incurred by the landlord to replace or fix an Item, fixture or fitting in or on the residential premises that was required to be replaced or fixed as a result of a fire audit or fire inspection, provided that the item, fixture or fitting needed replacing or fixing due to the activities carried out by the tenant in or on the residential premises (including, without limitation, creating holes in, or attaching hooks to, fire safety doors); and
 - (c) any fine, penalty or costs of any recovery action incurred by the landlord arising out of or in connection with the fallure of a body corporate, community association or company to comply with a statutory requirement (including, without limitation, the lodgement of an annual fire safety statement) if that failure was caused or contributed to by the tenant;
- 71.2 to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent immediately if any smoke detector or smoke alarm in the residential premises is not working properly so that the landlord can attend to the landlord's obligation referred to in clause 42 of this agreement; and
- 71.3 to pay any call out fees payable to the fire brigade or other authorities which become payable in the event that a smoke alarm fitted to the residential premises is activated by activities carried out by the tenant on the residential premises, including but not limited to burning food.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANCY DATABASES

72. The landlord or the landlord's agent advises and the tenant acknowledges and agrees that the tenant's personal information may be collected, used and disclosed for the purpose of listing the tenant on a tenancy database as permitted by, and in accordance with, the provisions of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

ADDITIONAL TERM - GARAGE, STORAGE CAGE, OPEN CAR SPACE OR OTHER STORAGE FACILITY

[This clause does not apply if there is no garage, storage cage, open car space or other storage facility on the residential premises]

- 73. The tenant agrees that if the premises include a garage then the garage is provided for the purpose of parking a motor vehicle and not for the storage of goods or personal belongings.
- 74. The landlord gives no undertaking as to the security and/or waterproofing of any garage, storage cage, open car space or any other storage facility on the residential premises and accepts no liability for any damage to such garage, storage cage, open car space or other storage facility or to anything stored therein.

ADDITIONAL TERM - DETAILS OF TENANT AND TENANT'S AGENT

75. The tenant agrees to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent, in writing within 14 days, of any changes to the nominated contact details of the tenant or the tenant's agent, including those specified in this agreement.



76. The landlord agrees to provide to the tenant's agent (if appointed) all notices and documents that it gives to the tenant.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANT'S REFUSAL OF ACCESS

- 77. Where the tenant has been provided with the requisite notice pursuant to clause 24.8 and the tenant has refused access to the residential premises preventing prospective tenants from inspecting them, the tenant acknowledges and agrees that the landlord is entitled to claim damages for loss of bargain in the event the landlord is unable to secure a future tenant as a result of the tenant's refusal to allow access to the residential premises.
- 78. The tenant agrees that the landlord and the landlord's agent are authorised to use the office set of keys to access the residential premises for the purpose of carrying out an inspection pursuant to clause 24.

ADDITIONAL TERM - PRIVACY POLICY

79. The Privacy Act 1988 (Cth) (the Act) allows certain information about the tenant referred to in this agreement to be collected, used and disclosed for the purpose for which it was collected, and otherwise in accordance with the Act. This Privacy Policy does not form part of this agreement and only applies to the extent that the landlord collects, uses and discloses personal information and is required by the Act to comply with the requirements of the Act. If the landlord appoints an agent to act for the landlord, then this Privacy Policy will apply to the landlord's agent's collection, use and disclosure of personal information on behalf of the landlord.

The landlord may amend, or amend and restate, this Privacy Policy from time to time and may subsequently notify the tenant of any changes to this Privacy Policy by written notification to the tenant. Any change to this Privacy Policy takes effect on the date of that written notification.

The personal information the tenant provides in connection with this agreement or collected from other sources is necessary for the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent to:

- (a) identify and verify the tenant's identity:
- (b) process and assess any application received in relation to the lease of the residential premises;
- assess the tenant's ability to meet their financial and other obligations under this agreement;
- (d) manage this agreement and the residential premises including (without limitation) the collection of rent and the preparation of required statements of accounts;
- contact and liaise with goods and services providers as instructed by the tenant and to provide those providers with the tenant's personal information;
- (f) comply with any applicable law;
- (g) laise and exchange information with the tenant and the legal and other advisors of the tenant, landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent in relation to or in connection with this agreement;
- (h) negotiate the lease for the residential premises;
- process any payment (including, without limitation, the exchange of personal information with the relevant payment provider, where necessary); and
- (j) comply with any dispute resolution process.

If the personal information is not provided by the tenant, the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent may not be able to carry out the steps described above.

Personal information collected about the tenant may be disclosed by the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent for the purpose for which it was collected, to other parties including to the landlord (if the landlord's agent is appointed), the landlord's mortgagee or head-lessor (in either case, if any), the legal and other advisors of the tenant, landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent, referees, valuers, other agents, Courts and

applicable tribunals, third party operators of tenancy and other databases, other third parties instructed by the tenant (including, without limitation, goods, and services providers), as required by any applicable law and to any prospective or actual purchaser of the residential premises including to their prospective or actual mortgagee (if any). Personal information held by tenancy databases and relevant agencies may also be requested by and disclosed to the landlord and/or the landlord's agent. The landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent will take reasonable precautions to protect the personal information they hold in relation to the tenant from misuse, loss, and unauthorised access, modification or disclosure.

Further, if the tenant applies for the lease of the residential premises via any third party letting business, including any online letting businesses, then the tenant will have consented to the disclosure of its personal information by that business to the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent. The tenant consents to the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent receiving personal information from the relevant online letting business for the purposes specified in this Privacy Policy.

If the tenant falls to comply with its obligations under this agreement, then that fact and other relevant personal information collected about the tenant during the term of this agreement may also be disclosed to third party operators of tenancy and other databases, other agents, Courts and relevant tribunals.

The landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent may also use the tenant's information including personal information for marketing and research purposes to inform the tenant of products and services provided by the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent, which the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent consider may be of value or interest to the tenant, unless the tenant tells the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent (see opt out option below) or has previously told the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent not to. If the tenant does not wish to receive any information about such products and services then please tick this box: or otherwise notify the landlord and/or landlord's agent using the contact details of the landlord and/or landlord's agent (as applicable) set out earlier in this agreement.

The tenant has the right to request access to any personal information held by the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent which relates to them, unless the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent is permitted by law (including the Act) to withhold that information. If the Act applies to the landlord and the landlord is an 'organisation' (as defined under the Act) then it is entitled to charge a reasonable fee where access to personal information is provided (no fee may be charged for making an application to access personal information). If an agent is appointed by the landlord, it is entitled to charge a reasonable fee where access to personal information is provided (no fee may be charged for making an application to access personal information). Any requests for access to the tenant's personal information should be made in writing to the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent at the contact details included in this agreement. The tenant has the right to request the correction of any personal information which relates to the tenant that is inaccurate, incomplete or out-of-date.

By signing this agreement, the tenant acknowledges that it has read and understands the terms of this Privacy Policy and agrees to those terms and the permissions to collect, use and disclose personal information, and the tenant authorises the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent to collect, use and obtain, in accordance with the Act, their personal information for the purposes specified in this Privacy Policy.



ADDITIONAL TERM - ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

- 80. The landlord and tenant each acknowledge that:
 - 80.1 the landlord and tenant are permitted to agree on additional terms and conditions of this agreement and to include them in an annexure at the end of this agreement;
 - **80.2** the additional terms and conditions may be included in this agreement only if:
 - they do not contravene the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW), the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 (NSW) or any other Act; and
 - they are not inconsistent with the standard terms and conditions of this agreement; and
 - 80.3 The Real Estate Institute of New South Wales Limited (REINSW) is not and cannot be responsible for the drafting and content of any additional terms and/or conditions that are included in any annexure to this agreement.



SCHEDULE A

SPECIAL CONDITIONS - FLATS

Special Condition 1 - Vehicles

The tenant must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common area, or permit a motor vehicle to be parked or stood on common area, except with the prior written approval of the landlord or as permitted by a sign authorised by the landlord.

Special Condition 2 - Damage to lawns and plants on the common areas

The tenant must not, except with the prior written approval of the landlord:

- damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on the common area, or
- use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common area.

Special Condition 3 - Obstruction of common areas

The tenant must not obstruct lawful use of common areas by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

Special Condition 4 - Noise

The tenant, or any invitee of the tenant, must not create any noise in the flat or the common area likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another flat or of any person lawfully using the common area.

Special Condition 5 - Behaviour of tenants and invitees

- (a) The tenant, or any invitee of the tenant, when on the common area must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using the common area.
- (b) The tenant must take all reasonable steps to ensure that their invitees;
 - do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another flat or any person lawfully using the common area; and
 - (ii) without limiting paragraph (b)(i), comply with Special Condition 5(a).

Special Condition 6 - Children playing on common areas in building

Any child for whom the tenant is responsible may play on any area of the common area that is designated by the landlord for that purpose but may only use an area designated for swimming while under adult supervision. The tenant must not permit any child of whom the tenant is responsible, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on the common area that is a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

Special Condition 7 - Smoke penetration

The tenant, and any invitee of the tenant, must not smoke tobacco or any other substance on the common area, except:

- (a) in an area designated as a smoking area by the landlord, or
- (b) with the written approval of the landlord.

The tenant who is permitted under this Special Condition to smoke tobacco or any other substance on common area must ensure that the smoke does not penetrate to any other flat. The tenant must ensure that smoke caused by the smoking of tobacco or any other substance by the tenant, or any invitee of the tenant, in the flat does not penetrate to the common area or any other flat.

Special Condition 8 - Preservation of fire safety

The tenant must not do any thing or permit any invitees to do any thing in the flat or common area that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the flats or common areas.

Special Condition 9 - Storage of inflammable, dangerous or hazardous liquids and other substances and materials

- (a) The tenant must not, except with the prior written approval of the landlord, use or store in the flat, garage or carport or on the common area any inflammable, dangerous or hazardous chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable, dangerous or hazardous material.
- (b) This Special Condition does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

Special Condition 10 - Appearance of flat

- (a) The tenant must not, without the prior written approval of the landlord, maintain within the flat anything visible from outside the flat that, viewed from outside the flat, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (b) This Special Condition does not apply to the hanging of any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type in accordance with Special Condition 12.

Special Condition 11 - Cleaning windows and doors

- (a) Except in circumstances referred to in Special Condition 11(b), the tenant is responsible for cleaning all interior and exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the flat, including so much as is common area.
- (b) The landlord is responsible for cleaning regularly all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors that cannot be accessed by the tenant safely or at all.

Special Condition 12 - Hanging out of washing

The tenant may hang any washing on any lines provided by the landlord for that purpose. The tenant may hang washing on any part of the flat other than over the balcony railings. In each case, the washing may only be hung for a reasonable period. In this Special Condition, "washing" includes any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type.

Special Condition 13 - Disposal of waste - bins for individual flats (applicable where individual flats have bins)

- (a) The tenant must:
 - not deposit or throw on the common area any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the landlord;
 - (ii) not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy);
 - (iii) comply with all reasonable directions given by the landlord as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on the common area;
 - (iv) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste;
 - (v) maintain bins for waste within the flat, or on any part of the common area that is authorised by the landlord, in clean and dry condition and appropriately covered;
 - (vi) not place any thing in the bins of the owner or occupier of any other flat except with the permission of that owner or occupier;
 - (vii) place the bins within an area designated for collection by the landlord not more than 12 hours before the time at which waste is normally collected and, when the waste has been collected, must promptly return the bins to the flat or other area authorised for the bins; and
 - (vii) notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, bins provided by the local council for waste.



- (b) The landlord may give directions for the purposes of this Special Condition by posting signs on the common area with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to tenants.
- (c) In this Special Condition, "bin" includes any receptacle for waste and "waste" includes garbage and recyclable material.

Special Condition 14 - Disposal of waste - shared bins (applicable where bins are shared by flats)

- (a) The tenant must:
 - not deposit or throw on the common area any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the landlord;
 - (ii) not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy);
 - (iii) comply with all reasonable directions given by the landlord as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on common area; and
 - (iv) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste.
- (b) The landlord may give directions for the purposes of this Special Condition by posting signs on the common area with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to tenants.
- (c) In this Special Condition, "bin" includes any receptacle for waste and "waste" includes garbage and recyclable material.

Special Condition 15 - Change in use or occupation of flat to be notified

- (a) The tenant must notify the landlord if the tenant changes the existing use of the flat.
- (b) Without limiting Special Condition 15(a), the following changes of use must be notified:
 - a change that may affect the insurance premiums for the landlord (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out in the flat, or results in the flat being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes); and
 - (i) a change to the use of the flat for short-term or holiday letting.
- (c) The notice must be given in writing at least 21 days before the change occurs or a lease or sublease commences.

Special Condition 16 - Compliance with planning and other requirements

The tenant must ensure that the flat is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law and that the flat is not occupied by more persons than are allowed by law to occupy the flat.



NOTES.

1. Definitions

In this agreement:

landiord means the person who grants the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes a successor in title to the residential premises whose interest is subject to that of the tenant and a tenant who has granted the right to occupy residential premises to a sub-tenant.

landlord's agent means a person who acts as the agent of the landlord and who (whether or not the person carries on any other business) carries on business as an agent for:

- (a) the letting of residential premises, or
- (b) the collection of rents payable for any tenancy of residential premises.

LFAI Register means the register of residential premises that contain or have contained loose-fill asbestos insulation that is required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the Home Building Act 1989.

rental bond means money paid by the tenant as security to carry out this agreement.

residential premises means any premises or part of premises (including any land occupied with the premises) used or intended to be used as a place of residence.

tenancy means the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement.

tenant means the person who has the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes the person to whom such a right passes by transfer or operation of the law and a sub-tenant of the tenant.

2. Continuation of tenancy (if fixed term agreement)

Once any fixed term of this agreement ends, the agreement continues in force on the same terms as a periodic agreement unless the agreement is terminated by the landlord or the tenant in accordance with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* (see notes 3 and 4).

Clauses 5 and 6 of this agreement provide for rent to be able to be increased if the agreement continues in force, with certain restrictions.

3. Ending a fixed term agreement

If this agreement is a fixed term agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time up until the end of the fixed term but cannot take effect until the term ends. The landlord must give at least 30 days notice and the tenant must give at least 14 days notice.

4. Ending a periodic agreement

If this agreement is a periodic agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time. The landlord must give at least 90 days notice and the tenant must give at least 21 days notice.

5. Other grounds for ending agreement

The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 also authorises the landlord and tenant to end this agreement on other grounds. The grounds for the landlord ending the agreement include sale of the residential premises requiring vacant possession, breach of this agreement by the tenant, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

The grounds for the tenant include breach by the landlord of Information disclosure provisions under section 26 of the Act (not revealed when this agreement was entered into), breach of this agreement by the landlord, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

For more information refer to that Act or contact NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20.

6. Warning

It is an offence for any person to obtain possession of the residential premises without an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal or a judgment or order of a court if the tenant does not willingly move out. A court can order fines and compensation to be paid for such an offence.



THE LANDLORD AND THE TENANT ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT AND AGREE TO ALL ITS TERMS.

Note. Section 9 of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000* allows for agreements to be signed electronically in NSW if the parties consent. If an electronic signature is used then it must comply with Division 2 of Part 2 of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000*.

SIGNED BY THE LANDLORD / LANDLORD'S AGENT	
— DacuSigned by:	
(Signature of landlord /landlord's agent)	11/1/2022 (Date)
LANDLORD INFORMATION STATEMENT	
The landlord acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential contents of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading that sets	al tenancy agreement, the landlord has read and understood the out the landlord's rights and obligations.
DocuSigned by:	11/1/2022
(Signature of landford/landford's agent)	(Date)
Note: A landlord's agent must not sign this acknowledgment unless they have landlord has read and understood the contents of the information statement publications.	first obtained from the landlord a written statement that the ublished by NSW Fair Trading setting out the landlord's rights and
SIGNED BY THE TENANT	
Bornet - ·	
(Signature of tenant)	(Signature of tenant)
4/12/2021	
(Date)	(Date)
(Signature of tenant)	(Signature of tenant)
(Date)	(Date)
TENANT INFORMATION STATEMENT	
The tenant acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential information statement published by NSW Fair Trading.	tenancy agreement, the tenant was given a copy of an
DocuSigned by:	
(Signature of temant)	(Signature of tenant)
4/12/2021	<u></u>
(Date)	(Date)
(Signature of tenant)	(Signature of tenant)
(Date)	(Date)
For information about your rights and obligations as a landlord or tenant, contains (a) NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au, or (b) Law Access NSW on 1300 888 529 or www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au, or (c) your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at www.tenants.org.au	ct

ANNEXURE

If applicable, include additional Terms and Conditions below

ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

I / We hereby acknowledge that I/We have been informed of the following stipulations with regard to the tenancy:

I /We acknowledge that we have viewed the premises prior to signing this lease agreement either physically onsite or virtually and accept the premises as is

I/we have been informed and understand what TICA is; the consequences of being listed on TICA; and that if I default on my tenancy agreement or leave the tenancy owing monies for rent, property damage, cleaning etc. I will be listed on TICA I/we Acknowledge that the premises are "Smoke Free", and that any smoking will be done outside of the premises I/we understand that no business can be run from the property

I/we have been informed that if my rent does fall into arrears, I will be notified by letter, SMS and telephone; and that on the 15th day of arrears my lease will be terminated

I/we understand that I/we am liable to pay water usage charges for the above-mentioned property. An invoice will be issued by email to me giving 21 days' notice to pay, failure will result in a breach/termination being issued for non payment.

I/we am aware that I/we am responsible to connect and pay for any electricity, gas or telephone connections to the property, and have them disconnected upon vacating the property

I/we am aware that it is my/our responsibility to purchase contents insurance to cover my/ourselves in the event of loss or damage of /to personal possessions at the property

I/we understand that it is my/our responsibility to keep the lawns and gardens tidy at all times and all grass clipping to be removed from property

I/we understand that I/we only have permission for the animals stipulated on the Pet Approval Form, or if given written permission thereafter

I/we understand that all maintenance issues are to be advised via rentals@davidhaggarty.com.au (call the office for all Urgent repairs) - and we are to refer to our maintenance e-book for instructions on reporting maintenance issues / after hours contacts for emergencies

I/we understand that I am not to remove or interfere with the operation of any smoke detectors at the property, to replace batteries in battery operated smoke detectors when needed or if physically impossible to notify the agent, and to notify the agent if any smoke detector is faulty immediately.

I understand that I do not have permission to make any alterations to the property (e.g. painting, putting up picture hooks etc.) without the written approval from the landlord or agent

I/we acknowledge that the SMS system used by David Haggarty First National is a no-reply service and any replies will not be viewed or recorded.

I/we agree that the landlord expressly prohibits the tenant from 'licensing' the property to others for commercial gain on websites such as Air B&B or any form of holiday let.

I/we acknowledge that parking motor vehicles, or other such vehicles ie. caravans and trailers, is prohibited in undesignated areas such as the grass, and doing so will result in a Breach Notice.

I/we understand that if I am to lock myself out of the property outside of office hours, that it is my responsibility to call the locksmith and pay charges involved. If a new key is issued provided a copy of the key to the office.



March 2020

Tenant information statement

What you must know before you start renting

Starting a tenancy

Landlords or agents must give all tenants a copy of this **Tenant information statement** before signing a residential tenancy agreement.

Make sure you read this information statement thoroughly before you sign a residential tenancy agreement. Ask questions if there is anything in the agreement that you do not understand.

Remember, you are committing to a legally binding contract with no cooling-off period. You want to be certain you understand and agree to what you are signing.

The landlord or agent must:

- ensure the property is vacant, reasonably clean, fit to live in and in good repair at the start of the tenancy
- provide and maintain the property in a reasonable state of repair
- meet health and safety laws (e.g. pool fencing, electrical installations, smoke alarms, window and balcony safety)
- · ensure the property is reasonably secure
- respect your privacy and follow entry and notice requirements.

When renting, you must:

- pay the rent on time
- keep the property reasonably clean and undamaged and leave it in the same condition it was in when you moved in (fair wear and tear excepted)
- not use the property for anything illegal
- · follow the terms of the tenancy agreement
- respect your neighbours' right to peace, comfort and privacy

What you must be told before you sign an agreement

Sometimes a rental property has something in its history that you should know before you sign an agreement.

The landlord or agent **must tell** you if the property is:

- planned to be sold
- subject to court proceedings where the mortgagee is trying to take possession of the property
- in a strata scheme and a strata renewal committee is currently established for the strata scheme.

The landlord or agent **must tell** you if they are aware of any of the following facts. If the property:

- has been subject to flooding from a natural weather event or bushfire in the last 5 years
- has significant health or safety risks (unless obvious to a reasonable person when the property is inspected)
- has been the scene of a serious violent crime (e.g. murder or aggravated assault) in the last 5 years
- is listed on the loose-fill asbestos insulation register
- has been used to manufacture or cultivate a prohibited drug or prohibited plant in the last 2 years
- is part of a building where a fire safety or building product rectification order (or a notice of intention to issue one of these orders) has been issued regarding external combustible cladding
- is part of a building where a development or complying development certificate application for rectification has been lodged regarding external combustible cladding
- is in a strata scheme where scheduled rectification work or major repairs will be carried out to common property during the fixed term of the agreement
- is affected by zoning or laws that will not allow you to obtain a parking permit, and only paid parking is available in the area
- is provided with any council waste services that are different to other properties in the council area
- has a driveway or walkway that others can legally use.

Penalties apply to landlords or agents if any of the above is not done.

What you must be given before you sign an agreement

Before you sign an agreement or move into the property, the landlord or agent **must give** you:

- · a copy of this Tenant information statement
- a copy of the proposed tenancy agreement, filled out in the spaces provided
- 2 hard copies, or 1 electronic copy, of the condition report for the property completed by the landlord or agent
- a copy of the by-laws, if the property is in a strata scheme.

What you must be given at the time you sign an agreement

At the time you sign the agreement, the landlord or agent **must give** you:

 for any swimming or spa pools on the property, a valid certificate of compliance or occupation certificate (issued within the last 3 years). This does not apply if you are renting a property in a strata or community scheme that has more than 2 lots.

Before or at the start of the tenancy

The landlord or agent must give you:

 a copy of the key (or other opening device or information) to open any lock or security device for the rented property or common property, at no cost to you or any tenant named in the agreement

The property must be fit to live in

The property must be reasonably clean, fit to live in and in a reasonable state of repair.

To be fit to live in, the property must (at a minimum):

- 1. be structurally sound
- 2. have adequate natural or artificial lighting in each room, except storage rooms or garages
- 3. have adequate ventilation
- be supplied with electricity or gas, and have enough electricity or gas sockets for lighting, heating and other appliances
- 5. have adequate plumbing and drainage
- have a water connection that can supply hot and cold water for drinking, washing and cleaning
- have bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow users' privacy.

The property could have other issues that may make it unfit for you to live in, even if it meets the

above 7 minimum standards. Before you rent the property, you should tell the landlord or agent to take steps (such as make repairs) to make sure the property is fit to live in.

Residential tenancy agreement

The tenancy agreement is a legal agreement. It must include certain standard terms that cannot be changed or deleted. It may also include additional terms. Verbal agreements are still binding on you and the landlord.

Condition report

You should have already received a copy of the condition report, completed by the landlord or agent, before you signed the agreement. This is an important piece of evidence and you should take the time to check the condition of the property at the start of the tenancy. If you do not complete the report accurately, money could be taken out of your bond (after you move out) to pay for damage that was already there when you moved in.

You must complete and give a copy of the condition report to your landlord or agent within 7 days after moving into the property. You must also keep a copy of the completed report.

Rent, receipts and records

Rent is a regular payment you make to the landlord to be able to live in the property. You cannot be asked to pay more than 2 weeks' rent in advance. Your landlord or agent cannot demand more rent until it is due.

Your landlord or agent can serve you with 14 days' termination notice if you are more than 14 days behind with the rent.

Your landlord or agent must:

- give you rent receipts (unless rent is paid into a nominated bank account)
- · keep a record of rent you pay
- provide you with a copy of the rent record within 7 days of your written request for it.

Rental bonds

The bond is money you may have to pay at the start of the tenancy as security. It must be in the form of money and not as a guarantee. Your landlord or agent can only ask for 1 bond for a tenancy agreement. The bond payable cannot be more than 4 weeks rent. If the landlord agrees, you can pay the bond in instalments.

Your landlord or agent cannot make you pay a bond before the tenancy agreement is signed. If you pay the bond directly to Fair Trading using Rental Bonds Online (RBO) the landlord or agent will receive confirmation of this before they finalise the tenancy agreement.

Your landlord or agent must give you the option to use RBO to pay your bond. You can use RBO to securely pay your bond direct to NSW Fair Trading using a credit card or BPAY, without the need to fill out and sign a bond lodgement form. Once registered, you can continue to use your RBO account for future tenancies.

If you decide not to use RBO, you can ask your agent or landlord for a paper bond lodgement form for you to sign, so that it can be lodged with Fair Trading. The landlord must deposit any bond you pay them with Fair Trading within 10 working days. If the bond is paid to the agent, the agent must deposit the bond with Fair Trading within 10 working days after the end of the month in which the bond was paid.

Discrimination when applying for rental property

It is against the law for a landlord or agent to discriminate on the grounds of your race, age, disability, gender, sexual orientation, marital status or pregnancy.

If you feel that a landlord or agent has declined your tenancy application or has treated you less favourably because of the above, you can contact the NSW Anti-Discrimination Board on 1800 670 812 or the Australian Human Rights Commission on 1300 656 419.

It is not against the law if a landlord or agent chooses not to have a tenant who smokes, or has a poor tenancy history or issues with rent payments.

Communicating with your landlord or agent

Your landlord must provide you with their name and a way for you to contact them directly, even if your landlord has an agent.

This information must be given to you in writing before or when you sign the tenancy agreement, or it can be included in the agreement you sign. Your landlord must also let you know, in writing, within 14 days of any changes to their details.

Some formal communication between you and the landlord or agent must be in writing to be valid, for example, termination notices. You can use email to serve notices or other documents but only if the landlord or agent has given you permission to use their nominated email address for this purpose.

During the tenancy

Can rent be increased during the tenancy?

For a fixed-term of less than 2 years, rent can only be increased during the fixed-term if the agreement sets out the increased amount or how the increase will be calculated. No written notice of the increase is required.

For a fixed-term of 2 years or more, or for a periodic agreement (i.e. where the fixed-term has expired or no fixed-term is specified), the rent can only be increased once in a 12-month period. You must get at least 60 days written notice.

Paying for electricity, gas and water usage

You may have to pay the cost for certain utilities as set out in the agreement. For example, you will pay for all:

- electricity, non-bottled gas or oil supply charges if the property is separately metered. Some exceptions apply for electricity or gas
- charges for the supply of bottled gas during the tenancy.

There are limits on when you need to pay for water usage charges. You can only be asked to pay for water usage if the property is separately metered (or water is delivered by vehicle) and meets the following water efficiency measures:

- all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute
- all internal cold-water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute
- any leaking taps or toilets on the property are fixed at the start of the agreement and whenever other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded
- from 23 March 2025, toilets are dual flush and have a minimum 3-star WELS rating.

Repairs and maintenance

The property must always be fit for you to live in. The landlord is responsible for any repairs or maintenance, so the property is in a reasonable state of repair. They must also ensure the property meets health and safety laws.

You are responsible for looking after the property and keeping it clean and undamaged. If the property includes a yard, lawns and gardens, you must also keep these areas neat and tidy.

You need to tell your landlord or the agent of any necessary repairs or damage as soon as possible. They are responsible for arranging and paying for the repair costs unless you caused or allowed the damage. You are not responsible for any damage caused by a perpetrator of domestic violence during a domestic violence offence.

If the repair is an **urgent repair** e.g. where there is a burst water service, a blocked or broken toilet, a gas leak or dangerous electrical fault, your landlord or agent should organise these repairs as soon as reasonably possible, after being notified. If they do not respond to an urgent repair, you may be able to organise the work yourself and be reimbursed

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a maximum amount of \$1,000 within 14 days from requesting payment in writing. A list of **urgent repairs** is available on the <u>Fair Trading website</u>.

You can apply to Fair Trading for a rectification order if your landlord refuses or does not provide and maintain the property in a reasonable state of repair. Similarly, your landlord can apply to Fair Trading for a rectification order if you refuse or do not repair damage you have caused or allowed. You can also apply to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal (the Tribunal) if your landlord does not carry out repairs.

Smoke alarms must be working

Landlords must ensure that smoke alarms are installed on all levels of the property. Your landlord must maintain the smoke alarms in your property to ensure they are working.

You should notify your landlord or agent if a smoke alarm is not working. They are responsible for repairing (including replacing a battery) or replacing a smoke alarm within 2 business days after they become aware that it is not working.

You can choose to replace a removable battery if it needs replacing, but you must notify the landlord if and when you do this. You are not responsible for maintaining, repairing or replacing a smoke alarm. However, there are some circumstances where you can arrange for a smoke alarm to be repaired or replaced.

Privacy and access

You have the right to reasonable peace, comfort and privacy when renting. Tenancy laws restrict when and how often your landlord, agent or other authorised person can enter the property during the tenancy. Your landlord, agent or authorised person can enter the property without your consent in certain circumstances if proper notice (if applicable) is provided.

For example:

- in an emergency, no notice is necessary
- if the Tribunal orders that access is allowed
- to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs or maintenance of the property, if you have been given at least 2 days' notice
- to carry out urgent repairs, no notice is necessary
- to carry out repairs or replacement of a smoke alarm, if you have been given at least 1 hours' notice
- to inspect or assess the need for repair or replacement of a smoke alarm, if you have been given at least 2 business days' notice
- to carry out a general inspection of the property if you have been given at least 7 days' written notice (no more than 4 inspections during a 12-month period).

How to make 'minor' changes to the property

You can only make minor changes to the property with your landlord's written consent, or if the agreement allows it. Your landlord can only refuse your request if it is reasonable to do so e.g. if the work involves structural changes or is inconsistent with the nature of the property.

There are certain types of 'minor' changes where it would be unreasonable for your landlord to refuse consent. For example:

- secure furniture to a non-tiled wall for safety reasons
- fit a childproof latch to an outdoor gate in a single dwelling
- · insert fly screens on windows
- install or replace internal window covering (e.g. curtains)
- install cleats or cord guides to secure blind or curtain cords
- · install child safety gates inside the property
- install window safety devices for child safety (non-strata only)
- install hand-held shower heads or lever-style taps to assist elderly or disabled occupants
- install or replace hooks, nails or screws for hanging pictures etc.
- · install a phone line or internet connection
- · plant vegetables, flowers, herbs or shrubs in the
- · install wireless removable outdoor security camera
- apply shatter-resistant film to window or glass doors
- make changes that don't penetrate a surface, or permanently modify a surface, fixture or structure of the property.

Some exceptions apply. The landlord can also require that certain minor changes be carried out by a qualified person.

You will be responsible for paying for the changes and for any damage you cause to the property. Certain rules apply for removing any modifications at the end of the tenancy.

Your rights in circumstances of domestic violence

Every person has the right to feel safe and live free from domestic violence. If you or your dependent child are experiencing domestic violence in a rental property, there are options available to you to improve your safety.

If you or your dependent child need to escape violence, you can end your tenancy immediately,

without penalty. To do this you must give your landlord a termination notice with the relevant evidence and give a termination notice to any cotenants.

Or, if you wish to stay in your home, you can apply to the Tribunal for an order to end the tenancy of the perpetrator (if they are another co-tenant).

A tenant or any innocent co-tenant is not liable for property damage caused by the perpetrator of violence during a domestic violence offence.

Ending the tenancy

Termination notice must be given

A tenancy agreement is a legally binding agreement that can only be ended in certain ways. A tenancy will usually be ended by you or your landlord giving notice to the other party and you vacating on or after the date specified in the notice.

To end a tenancy, you need to give the landlord or agent a written termination notice with the applicable notice period. In some cases, you can apply directly to the Tribunal for a termination order without issuing a termination notice (for example if you are experiencing hardship).

If you do not leave by the date specified in the termination notice, the landlord or agent can apply to the Tribunal for termination and possession orders. If you do not comply with the Tribunal order, only a Sheriff's Officer can legally remove you from the property under a warrant for possession.

You cannot be locked out of your home under any circumstances unless a Sheriff's Officer is enforcing a warrant for possession issued by the Tribunal or a court.

Break fee for ending a fixed term agreement early

If you end a fixed term agreement early that is for 3 years or less, mandatory break fees may apply based on the stage of the agreement. If it applies. the set fee payable will be:

- 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the lease had expired
- 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the lease had expired
- 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the lease had expired
- 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the lease had expired.

The break fee does not apply if you end the agreement early for a reason allowed under the Act.

Getting the rental bond returned

You should receive the bond in full at the end of the tenancy unless there is a reason for the landlord to make a claim against the bond. For example if:

- rent or other charges (e.g. unpaid water usage bills, break fee) are owing
- copies of the keys were not given back and the locks needed to be changed
- you caused damage or did not leave the property in a reasonably clean condition compared to the original condition report, apart from 'fair wear and tear'.

You are not liable for fair wear and tear to the property that occurs over time with the use of the property, even when the property receives reasonable care and maintenance.

Checklist

You should only sign the agreement when you can answer Yes to the following.

The tenancy agreement

	I have read the agreement and asked questions if there were things I did not understand.
	I understand the fixed-term of the agreement is negotiated before I sign, which means it can be for 6 months, 12 months, or some other period.
	I understand that I must be offered at least one way to pay the rent that does not involve paying a fee to a third party.
	I understand that any additional terms to the agreement can be negotiated before I sign.
	I have checked that all additional terms to the agreement are allowed. For example, the agreement does not include a term requiring me to have the carpet professionally cleaned when I leave, unless it is required because the landlord has allowed me to keep a pet on the property.
Pr	omised repairs

For any promises the landlord or agent makes to fix anything (e.g. replace the oven, etc.) or do other work (e.g. paint a room, clean up the backyard, etc.):

☐ I have made sure these have already been done

☐ I have an undertaking in writing (before signing the agreement) that they will be done.

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Upfront costs

- I am **not** required to pay:
 - more than 2 weeks rent in advance
 - more than 4 weeks rent as a rental bond.
- I am not being charged for:
 - the cost of preparing the tenancy agreement
 - the initial supply of keys and other opening devices to each tenant named in the agreement
 - being allowed to keep a pet on the property.

Top tips for problem-free renting

Some useful tips to help avoid problems when renting:

- Keep a copy of your agreement, condition report, rent receipts, Rental Bond Number and copies of letters/emails you send or receive in a safe place where you can easily find them later.
- Photos are a great way to record the condition of the property when you first move in.
 Take date-stamped photos of the property, especially areas that are damaged or unclean.
 Keep these photos in case the landlord objects to returning your bond at the end of your tenancy.
- Comply with the terms of your agreement and never stop paying your rent, even if you don't think the landlord is complying with their side of the agreement (e.g. by failing to do repairs).
 You could end up being evicted if you do.
- Never make any changes to the property, or let other people move in without asking the landlord or agent for permission first.
- Keep a written record of your dealings with the landlord or agent (for example by keeping copies of emails or a diary record of your conversations, including the times and dates, who you spoke to and what they agreed to do). It is helpful to have any agreements in writing, for example requests for repairs. This is a useful record and can also assist if there is a dispute.

- Consider taking out home contents insurance to cover your belongings in case of theft, fires and natural disasters. The landlord's building insurance, if they have it, will not cover your belongings.
- If the property has a pool or garden, be clear about what the landlord or agent expects you to do to maintain them.
- Be careful with what you sign relating to your tenancy and do not let anybody rush you. Never sign a blank form, such as a 'Claim for refund of bond' form.
- If you are happy in the property and your agreement is going to end, consider asking for the agreement to be renewed for another fixedterm. This will remove any worry about being unexpectedly asked to leave and can help to lock in the rent for the next period.

More information

Visit the <u>Fair Trading website</u> or call 13 32 20 for more information about your renting rights and responsibilities. The NSW Government funds a range of community-based Tenants Advice and Advocacy Services across NSW to provide advice, information and advocacy to tenants. Visit the Tenants' Union website at <u>tenants.org.au</u>

fairtrading.nsw.gov.au

13 32 20

Language assistance 13 14 50 (ask for an interpreter in your language)

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This publication must not be relied on as legal advice. For more information about this topic, refer to the appropriate legislation.

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IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms, or in certain cases heat alarms, installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply the lit is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING-LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A. In particular, a purchaser should—

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation, including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation, contact NSW Fair Trading.

Cooling off period (purchaser's rights)

- This is the statement required by the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, section 66X. This statement applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2 EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract before 5pm on—
 - (a) for an off the plan contract—the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made, or
 - (b) in any other case—the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made.

3 There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD—

- (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor, or the vendor's solicitor or agent, a certificate that complies with the Act, section 66W, or
- (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
- (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
- (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under the Act, section 662G.
- A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract forfeits 0.25% of the purchase price of the property to the vendor.
- The vendor is entitled to recover the forfeited amount from an amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract. The purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property and Stock Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group

NSW Department of Education

Australian Taxation Office

NSW Fair Trading

Council

Owner of adjoining land

County Council

Privacy

Department of Planning and Environment

Public Works Advisory Subsidence Advisory NSW

Department of Primary Industries Electricity and gas

Telecommunications

Land and Housing Corporation

Transport for NSW

Local Land Services

Water, sewerage or drainage authority

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

- 2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- 5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- 6. Most purchasers will have to pay transfer duty (and, sometimes, if the purchaser is not an Australian citizen, surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. Some purchasers may be eligible to choose to pay first home buyer choice property tax instead of transfer duty. If a payment is not made on time, interest and penalties may be incurred.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- 8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- 10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- 11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- 12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the property for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any legislation that cannot be excluded.

Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

1.1 In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment date adiustment figures authorised Subscriber the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion: details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14;

a Subscriber (not being a party's solicitor) named in a notice served by a party as being authorised for the purposes of clause 20.6.8;

the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposite aking institution which is a bank

bank, a building society or a credit union: any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSWor a Saturday or Sunday;

business day cheaue

a cheque that is not postdated or stale;

a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to completion:

completion time conveyancing rules deposit-bond

clearance certificate

the time of day at which completion is to occ

the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900; a deposit bond or guarantee with each of the following approved by the vendor -

the issuer:

the expiry date (if any); and

the amount:

depositholder

any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a *Digitally Signed* discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or

document of title

ECNL.

electronic document

discharging mortgagee

electronic transaction

electronic transfer

FRCGW percentage

FRCGW remittance

GST Act GST rate

GSTRW paymen

GSTRW rate

incoming mortgagee

legislation manual transaction

participation rules party property

normally

planning agreement

vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent); withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the property to be transferred to the purchaser; document relevant to the title or the passing of title;

the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);

a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and

Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;

a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL and the participation rules;

a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be prepared and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the purposes of the parties Conveyancing Transaction;

the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as at/1 July 2017);

remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the TAAct, being the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if ล้าเง้) and the amount specified in a *variation served* by a *party*; New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;

the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (the price multiplied by the GSTRW rate);

the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as at 1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not); any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;

an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act; a Conveyancing Transaction in which a dealing forming part of the Lodgment Case at or following completion cannot be Digitally Signed;

subject to any other provision of this contract; the participation rules as determined by the ECNL;

each of the vendor and the purchaser;

the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions; a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the property;

to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace; populate

requisition rescind serve

an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim); rescind this contract from the beginning;

serve in writing on the other party;

an unendorsed cheque made payable to the person to be paid and settlement cheque

issued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's solicitor, some other cheque;

solicitor

in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this

contract or in a notice served by the party;

TA Act terminate title data

Taxation Administration Act 1953: terminate this contract for breach;

the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace by

the Land Registry:

variation within work order a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act; in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and

a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the property or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018)

Words and phrases used in this contract (italicised and in Title Case such as Conveyancing Transaction,

Digitally Signed Electronic Workspace ELA ELAIC Land Regulation (Case Conveyancing Transaction)

1.2 Digitally Signed, Electronic Workspace, ELN, ELNO, Land Registry, Lodgment Case and Subscriber) have the meanings given in the participation rules.

Deposit and other payments before completion 2

The purchaser must pay the deposit to the depositholder as stakeholder. 2.1

Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential. 2.2

If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential. 2.3

The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by -2.4

giving cash (up to \$2,000) to the depositholder; 2.4.1

unconditionally giving a cheque to the depositholder or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's 2.4.2 solicitor for sending to the depositholder; or

electronic funds transfer to the depositholder's nominated account and, if requested by the vendor 2.4.3 or the depositholder, providing evidence of that transfer.

The vendor can terminate if -2.5

any of the deposit is not paid on time; 2.5.1

2.5.2 a cheque for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation; or

a payment under clause 2/4,8 is not received in the depositholder's nominated account by 5.00 pm 2.5.3 on the third business day after the time for payment.

This right to terminate is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.

If the vendor accepts a deposit-bond for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply. 2.6

If the vendor accepts a deposit-bond for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance. 2.7

If any of the deposit or of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor 2.8 directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until termination by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing cight

If each party tells the depositholder that the deposit is to be invested, the depositholder is to invest the deposit 2.9 (at the risk of the party who becomes entitled to it) with a bank, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the parties equally, after deduction of all proper government takes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond®

This clause applies only if the vendor accepts a deposit-bond for the deposit (or part of it). 3.1

The purchaser must provide the deposit-bond to the vendor's solicitor (or if no solicitor the depositholder) at or 3.2 before the making of this contract and this time is essential.

If the deposit-bond has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the 3.3 expiry date, the purchaser must serve a replacement deposit-bond at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.

The vendor must approve a replacement deposit-bond if -3.4

it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier deposit-bond; and 3.4.1

it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue. 3.4.2

A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to terminate. The right to terminate is lost as soon as -3.5 the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond; or 3.5.1

the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.

Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once. 3.6

- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond.
- 3.8 The amount of any deposit-bond does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.5.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser any original deposit-bond -
 - 3.9.1 on completion: or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is rescinded.
- 3.10 If this contract is terminated by the vendor -
 - 3.10.1 normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser serves prior to termination a notice disputing the vendor's right to terminate, the vendor must forward any original deposit-bond (or its proceeds if called up) to the depositholder as stakeholder.
- 3,11 if this contract is terminated by the purchaser
 - ract is *terminated* by the purchaser *normally,* the vendor must give the purchaser any original *deposit-bondk*-or 3.11.1
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor serves prior to termination a notice disputing the purchaser's right to terminate, the vendor must forward any original deposit-bond (or its proceeds, if ealled up) to the depositholder as stakeholder.

Electronic transaction

- 4.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction unless
 - the contract says this transaction is a manual transaction giving the reason, or 4.1.1
 - 4.1.2 a party serves a notice stating why the transaction is atmanual transaction, in which case the parties do not have to complete earlier than 14 days/after service of the notice, and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision,

and in both cases clause 30 applies.

- If, because of clause 4.1.2, this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as a manual transaction 4.2
 - 4.2.1 each party must
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees, and

otherwise bear that party's own costs,
incurred because this Conveyancing Transaction was to be conducted as an electronic transaction;

- if a party has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne 4.2.2 equally by the parties, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.
- The parties must conduct the electronic transaction -4.3
 - in accordance with the participation rules and the ECNL; and 4.3.1
 - 4.3.2 using the nominated ELN, unless the parties otherwise agree. This clause 4.3.2 does not prevent a party using an ELN which can interoperate with the nominated ELN.
- A party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the ELNO and the Land Registry. 4.4
- Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of the contract date create and populate an Electronic Workspace 4.5 with title data and the date for completion, and invite the purchaser to the Electronic Workspace.
- 4.6 If the vendor has not created an Electronic Workspace in accordance with clause 4.5, the purchaser may create and populate an Electrofile Workspace and, if it does so, the purchaser must invite the vendor to the Electronic Workspace.
- The parties must, as applicable to their role in the Conveyancing Transaction and the steps taken under 4.7 clauses 4.5 or 4.6
 - promptly join the Electronic Workspace after receipt of an invitation; 4.7.1
 - 4.7.2 create and populate an electronic transfer;
 - 4.7.3 invite any discharging mortgagee or incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 4.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.
- 4.8 If the transferee in the electronic transfer is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the electronic transfer only if this 4.9 contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
- 4.10 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment or an FRCGW remittance, the purchaser must populate the Electronic Workspace with the payment details for the GSTRW payment or FRCGW remittance payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 business days before the date for completion.
- 4.11 Before completion, the parties must ensure that -
 - 4.11.1 all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction are populated and Digitally Signed;
 - 4.11.2 all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and
 - 4.11,3 they do everything else in the Electronic Workspace which that party must do to enable the electronic transaction to proceed to completion.
- If the computer systems of any of the Land Registry, the ELNO, Revenue NSW or the Reserve Bank of 4.12 Australia are inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either party.

- 4.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring
 - 4.13.1 all electronic documents Digitally Signed by the vendor and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other electronic document forming part of the Lodgment Case for the electronic transaction are taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land; and
 - 4.13.2 the vendor is taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the property,
- 4.14 If the parties do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the Electronic Workspace, the party required to deliver the documents or things
 - 4.14.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
 - 4.14.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to or as directed by; the party entitled to them.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of requisitions is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those requisitions.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*; the purchaser can make it only by serving it
 - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date;
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything served by the vendor within 21 days after the later of the contract date and that service: and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case within a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 Normally, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by serving it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

- 7.1 the vendor can *rescind* if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay
 - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
 - 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and
 - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed -
 - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the depositholder until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the parties or, if an appointment is not made within 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a party (in the latter case the parties are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
 - 7.2.6 if the parties do not appoint an arbitrator and neither party requests the President to appoint an arbitrator within 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can rescind if -
 - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a requisition;
 - 8.1.2 the vendor serves a notice of intention to rescind that specifies the requisition and those grounds;
 - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not serve a notice waiving the requisition within 14 days after that service.

- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can terminate by serving a notice. After the termination -
 - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it in an essential respect, the vendor can terminate by serving a notice. After the termination the vendor can (-)

- keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price); 9.1
- hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this 9.2 clause -
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the termination; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause within 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded: and
- sue the purchaser either -9.3
 - where the vendor has resold the property under a contract made within 12 months after the 9.3.1 termination, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -10.1
 - the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991; 10.1.1
 - a service for the property being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service 10.1.2 for another property passing through the property ('service' includes air, communication, drainage,
 - electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service); a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support; any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion; 10.1,3
 - 10.1.4
 - 10.1.5 a promise, representation of statement about this contract, the property or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
 - a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant; 10.1.6
 - 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
 - 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
 - 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice of writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot rescind or terminate only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 Normally, the yender must by completion comply with a work order made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other work order.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a work order, and this contract is rescinded or terminated, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant —

- 12.1 to have the property inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for -12.2
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the property under legislation; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the property given under legislation, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the property in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

Goods and services tax (GST) 13

- Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the 13.1 GST Act have the same meaning in this clause.
- Normally, if a party must pay the price or any other amount to the other party under this contract. GST is not to 13.2 be added to the price or amount.
- If under this contract a party must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an 13.3 expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
 - the party must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but 13.3.1
 - the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or 13.3.2 payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount 13.3.3 for GST must be added at the GST rate.

If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern -13.4

- the parties agree the supply of the property is a supply of a going concern; 13.4.1
- the vendor must, between the contract date and completion carry on the enterprise conducted on 13.4.2 the land in a proper and business-like way;
- if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the parties must complete and the 13.4.3 purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price an amount being the price multiplied by the GST rate ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the depositholder and dealt with as follows -
 - as follows if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but if the purchaser does not serve that letter within 3 months of completion, the depositholder is
 - to pay the retention sum to the vendor, and
- if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the 13.4.4 vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- amount of GST assessed.

 Normally, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the property. 13.5
- If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*. If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply 13.6

13,7

- the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent, and 13.7.1
- the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the GST rate if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of —

 a breach of clause 13.7.1; or

 something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor. 13.7.2
- If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the property, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if 13.8 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
 - the margin scheme applies to the property (or any part of the property). 13.8.2

13.9

- If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent –

 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
- the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant 13.9.2 payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the property to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- Normally, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply 13.10 by the vendor by or under this contract.
- The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable 13.11 supply.
- If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before 13.12 completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- If the vendor serves details of a GSTRW payment which the purchaser must make, the purchaser does not 13.13 have to complete earlier than 5 business days after that service and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must, at least 2 business days before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of a GSTRW payment notification form to the Australian Taxation-Office-by-the-purchaser-or-if-a-direction-under-either-clause-4.8-or-clause-30.4-has-been-given, bythe transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 Normally, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the adjustment date after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The parties must make any necessary adjustment on completion, and
 - the purchaser must provide the vendor with adjustment figures at least 2 business days before the 14.2.1 date for completion; and
 - 14.2.2 the vendor must confirm the adjustment figures at least 1 business day before the date for completion.
- If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under legislation, the parties must on 14.3 completion adjust the reduced amount.
- The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any 14.4 other land tax for the year current at the adjustment date
 - only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor 14.4.1 in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
 - by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year -14.4.2
 - the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- The parties must not adjust any first home buyer choice property tax: 14.5
- If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the 14.6 parties must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- parties must adjust it on a proportional area basis.

 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the 14.7 adjustment date, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the adjustment date.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the property or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The parties must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a party can serve a notice to complete if that party is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

Vendor

- Normally, on completion the vendor musticause the legal title to the property (being the estate disclosed in this 16.1 contract) to pass to the purchaser free of any charge, mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.

 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.
- 16.2
- 16.3 If the vendor gives the purchaser adocument (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.4 If a party serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

- On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor -16.5
 - 16.5.1 the price less anv -

 - deposit paid;
 FRGGW remittance payable;
 - GSTRW payment; and
 - ganount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
 - any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.6 If any of the deposit is not covered by a deposit-bond, at least 1 business day before the date for completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the depositholder to account to the vendor for the deposit, to be held by the vendor in escrow until completion.
- 16.7 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

17 Possession

- 17.1 Normally, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the property on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if -
 - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
 - 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is 17.3 affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

18 Possession before completion

- This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the property before completion. 18.1
- The purchaser must not before completion -18.2
 - let or part with possession of any of the property; 18.2.1
 - make any change or structural alteration or addition to the property; or 18.2.2
 - contravene any agreement between the parties or any direction, document, legislation, notice or 18.2.3 order affecting the property.
- The purchaser must until completion -18.3
 - keep the property in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of 18.3.1 possession; and
 - allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable 18.3.2 times.
- The risk as to damage to the property passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into 18.4 possession.
- If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor -18.5
 - the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and 18.5.1
 - if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at 18.5.2 the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005
- If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property. 18.6
- If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable. 18.7

Rescission of contract 19

- If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right -19.1

 - 19.1.1 only by serving a notice before completion; and in spite of any making of a claim or requisition, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.

 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation —
- 19.2
 - the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded; a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession; a party can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and 19.2.1
 - 19.2.2
 - 19.2.3
 - 19.2.4 a party will not otherwise be liable to pay the other party any damages, costs or expenses.

20

- The parties acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by 20.1 the vendor before the purchaser signed is and is part of this contract.
- Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract. 20.2
- An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate. 20.3
- If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together. 20.4
- A party's solicitor can receive any amount payable to the party under this contract or direct in writing that it is 20.5 to be paid to another person.
- A document under or relating to this contract is -20.6
 - signed by a party it is signed by the party or the party's solicitor (apart from a direction under 20.6.1 clause 4.8 or clause 30.4);
 - served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor, 20.6.2
 - served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died; 20.6.3
 - served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919; 20.6.4
 - served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received; 20.6.5
 - served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; 20.6.6
 - served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once; and 20.6.7
 - served if it is provided to or by the party's solicitor or an authorised Subscriber by means of an 20.6.8 Electronic Workspace created under clause 4. However, this does not apply to a notice making an obligation essential, or a notice of rescission or termination.
- An obligation to pay an expense of another party of doing something is an obligation to pay -20.7
 - if the party does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or 20.7.1
 - if the party pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable. 20.7.2
- Rights under clauses 4, 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights 20.8 continue.
- The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights. 20.9
- The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current. 20.10
- A reference to any legislation (including any percentage or rate specified in legislation) is also a reference to 20.11 any corresponding later legislation.
- Each party must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the party's obligations under this 20.12
- 20:13---Neither-taking-possession-nor-*serving-*a-transfer-of-itself-implies-acceptance-of-the-*property-*or-the-title-

- The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 4) are, to the extent of each party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.
- 20.16 Each party consents to -
 - 20.16.1 any party signing this contract electronically; and
 - the making of this contract by the exchange of counterparts delivered by email, or by such other 20.16.2 electronic means as may be agreed in writing by the parties.
- Each party agrees that electronic signing by a party identifies that party and indicates that party's intention to 20.17 be bound by this contract.
- 21 Time limits in these provisions
- If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions it is a reasonable time. 21.1
- if there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies. 21.2
- The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to 21.3
- If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does 21.4 not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a business day, the time is extended to 21.5 the next business day, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential. 21.6
- Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975 22
- The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer 22.1 under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975,
- 22,2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to terminate.
- 23 Strata or community title
 - Definitions and modifications
- This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community 23.1 scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract -
 - 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a schemeଝ୍ଲୁଡ଼ିaୁନ୍ତି –
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme; 23.2.2
 - 23.2.3
 - 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law; 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 23.2.4 and s171 Community Land Management Act 2021;
 - 23.2.5 'interest notice' includes₂a strata interest notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and an association interest notice under s20 Community Land Management Act 2021;
 - 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind?
 - 'owners comporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher 23.2,7
 - the property includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and 23.2.8
 - 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by
- Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.6 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis. 23.4
 - Adjustments and liability for expenses
- The parties must adjust under clause 14.1 -23.5
 - a regular periodic contribution; 23.5.1
 - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
 - 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.

- If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract -23.6
 - the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by 23.6.1 instalments: and
 - the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date. 23.6.2
- The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for 23.7 which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -23.8 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation; 23.8.1
 - a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under 23.8.2 clause 6: or
 - a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme. 23.8.3
- However, the purchaser can rescind if -23.9
 - the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of 23.9.1 the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price:
 - than 1% of the price; in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit 23.9.2 entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
 - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at 23.9.4 the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

• Notices, certificates and inspections

- Before completion, the purchaser must serve a copy of an interest notice addressed to the owners corporation 23,10 and signed by the purchaser.
- After completion, the purchaser must insert the date of completion in the interest notice and send it to the 23.11 owners corporation.
- The vendor can complete and send the interest notice as agent for the purchaser. 23.12
- The vendor must *serve* at least 7 days before the date for completion, an information certificate for the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme which relates to a period in which the date for completion falls. 23.13
- The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the information certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed 23.14 fee for the information certificate.
- 23.15
- The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own information certificate.

 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in 23.16 the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme. Meetings of the owners corporation
- If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion -23.17
 - if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and 23,17.1
 - after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the 23,17,2 purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

Tenancies 24

- If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date -24.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and 24.1.1
 - the burchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further 24.1.2 assignment at the vendor's expense.
- If a tenant has paid in advance of the adjustment date any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be 24.2 adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion -24.3
 - the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy 24.3.1 inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - the vendor must serve any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser 24.3.2 before or after completion; and
 - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.

- 24.4 If the property is subject to a tenancy on completion -
 - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable):
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each party must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues,
 - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser
 - at least 2 business days before the date for completion, a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant, to be held by the purchaser in escrow until completion;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord of the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord of the tenant after completion;
 - the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be 24.4.4 complied with by completion; and
 - the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the 24.4.5 obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) -25.1
 - is under qualified, limited or old system title; or 25.1.1
 - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2
- The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within* 7 days after the contract date. If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to 25.3 the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is served on the contract date.
- An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or 25.4 codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
 - shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and 25.4.1
 - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photogopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title
 - must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 25.5.1 30 years old at the contract date);
 - in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease; 25,5.2
 - 25.5.3 normally, need not include a Crown grant; and
 - 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title -
 - 25.6.1 in this contract transfer means conveyance;
 - 25.6.2 the purchase does not have to serve the transfer until after the vendor has served a proper abstract of title; and
 - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title -25.7
 - 25,7,1 normally, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
 - 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
 - 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any document of title that relates only to the property.
- 25.9 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a document of title that relates also to other property. the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 25,10 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25,11 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.12 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Land Registry of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the parties must adjust any interest under clause 14.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a planning agreement.
- 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then serve the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) within 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.

27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.

- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a party, then that party can rescind within 7 days after receipt by or service upon the party of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused
 - 27.6.1 within 42 days after the purchaser serves the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can rescind; or
 - 27.6.2 within 30 days after the application is made, either party can rescind.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -

27.7.1 under a planning agreement; or

27.7.2 in the Western Division.

- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered within 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under legislation.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner -

28.3.1 the purchaser can rescind; and

- 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescipsion.
- 28.4 Either party can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after service of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a party, then it benefits only that party.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each party must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a party who has the benefit of the provision, the party can rescind within 7 days after either party serves notice of the condition.

29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening -

- 29.7.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, a party who has the benefit of the provision can rescind within 7 days after the end of that time;
- 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and
- 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of --
 - either party serving notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.

- If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening -29.8
 - if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind;
 - if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either party can 29.8.2
 - the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either party 29.8.3 serves notice of the event happening.
- A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens. 29.9

Manual transaction 30

This clause applies if this transaction is to be conducted as a manual transaction. 30.1

Transfer

- Normally, the purchaser must serve the transfer at least 7 days before the date for completion. 30.2
- If any information needed for the transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it. 30.3
- If the purchaser serves a transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor 30.4 a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract 30.5 contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.

Place for completion

- Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is -30.6
 - if a special completion address is stated in this contraot that address; or
 - if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually 30.6.2 discharge the mortgage at a particular place - that place; or
- 30.6.3 in any other case the vendor's *solicitor's* address stated in this contract.

 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must 30,7 pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- if the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the 30.8 purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
 - Payments on completion
- On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor the amounts referred to in clauses 16.5.1 and 16.5.2, by 30.9 cash (up to \$2,000) or settlement cheque.
- Normally, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a settlement cheque on completion to pay an 30.10 amount adjustable under this contract and if so
 - the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and 30.10.1
 - the cheque must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the 30.10.2 cheque relates only to the property or by the vendor in any other case).
- If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque. 30.11
- If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must -30.12
 - produce on completion a settlement cheque for the GSTRW payment payable to the Deputy 30.12.1 Commissioner of Taxation;
 - forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and 30.12.2
 - serve evidence of receipt of payment of the GSTRW payment and a copy of the settlement date 30.12.3 confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.
- If the purchaser must pay an PRCGW remittance, the purchaser must -30.13
 - produce on completion a settlement cheque for the FRCGW remittance payable to the Deputy 30.13.1 Commissioner of Taxation:
 - forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and 30.13.2
 - serve evidence of receipt of payment of the FRCGW remittance. 30.13.3

Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding This clause applies only if – 31

- 31.1
 - the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act; 31.1.1
 - a clearance certificate in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract. 31.1.2
- If the vendor serves any clearance certificate or variation, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier 31.2 than 5 business days after that service and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- The purchaser must at least 2 business days before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of 31.3 a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.
- The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clause 31.3 and, as applicable, clauses 31.4 4.10 or 30.13.
- If the vendor serves in respect of every vendor either a clearance certificate or a variation to 0.00 percent, 31.5 clauses 31.3 and 31.4 do not apply.

- 32 Residential off the plan contract
- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).

 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.2
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by sections 4 to 6 of Schedule 3 to the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2022
 - the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a 32.3.1 claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
 - 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.